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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Chamberlain Scouts 'Dictatorship' Move

Reply To Labour Demand For Extra-Minister

NO USURPATION OF PREMIER'S POWERS

"Super-Minister With High Powered Staff Does More Harm Than Good"

"IF THE SUPER-MINISTER WAS GIVEN AUTHORITY OVER OTHER MINISTERS, THERE MUST BE A TENDENCY TO WEAKEN THE AUTHORITY OVER OTHER MINISTERS".

"THE CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER MUST BE RESPONSIBLE TO THE HOUSE FOR FINANCIAL DECISIONS, AFFECTING THE WORK OF HIS DEPARTMENTS" SAID MR. CHAMBERLAIN REPLYING TO MR. HERBERT MORRISON'S MOVE FOR AN EXTRA-MINISTER IN THE WAR CABINET FOR ECONOMIC ORGANISATION.

The existence of minister who would be a dictator over all other departments, Mr. Chamberlain apprehends, would change the position of the Prime Minister, and he warns the Commons that "the introduction of this super-minister with high-powered staff would do a great deal more harm than good."

MOVE FOR EXTRA MINISTER

LONDON, Feb. 1.

In the House of Commons Mr. Herbert Morrison moving on behalf of the Labour Opposition that the War Cabinet should contain a Minister specially charged with the economic organisation, appealed to the Government for direction, decision and drive in the economic sphere.

He added that a properly organised British Public Administration and British Democracy could render far better account of themselves in the prosecution of the war than could Nazi tyranny. Mr. Morrison asked for an assurance that if it was a question of succeseful prosecution of war, preconceived notions on economic and social affairs would not stop the Government from making necessary modifications.

Sir Archibald Sinclair urged that enormous expansion in our export trade was vitally needed. The main object of our export trade policy should be to go out and scoop in all the German trade we could.

PREMIER'S REPLY.

Mr. Chamberlain replying to the debate said that of all demands made on this subject in recent discussions, no two people had wanted the same thing. The Chancellor of the Exchequer must be responsible to the House for financial decisions and decisions affecting the work of his Department and if the proposed new Minister had been overriding him, he could see that a very difficult position would arise in the House when questions came to be put.

Dictator Over Ministers

It seemed to him that the existence of a Minister, who would be a dictator over all the Departments that Mr. Morrison described would change the position of the Prime Minister and he did not see what the Prime Minister would have left to do by the time this gentleman had given his orders to all departments.-

"MORE HARM THAN GOOD"

Mr. Chamberlain added that unless the assumptions on which the demand for this Minister were based that he would eliminate delay and accelerate the work of the departments and bring about quicker and better decisions were justified, the introduction of this high powered minister with high powered staff would do a great deal more harm than good. While listening to a chorus of cries for the appointment of such a minister, he

(Continued on page 7 Col. 6.)

MAHATMA-VICEROY MEETING ECHO IN COMMONS

LONDON, Feb. 1.

In the House of Commons replying for Sir Hugh O'Neill, Mr. R. V. Grimston told Mr. Sorensen that the Under-Secretary of State for India had no further statement to make respecting the Indian Political Situation beyond mentioning that Mr. Gandhi was meeting the Viceroy.

Mr. Sorensen was told to have the question put down later when he asked for a statement on the Gandhi-Viceroy conversations.

No answer was given to Mr. Gibson (Labour) when he asked whether Sir Stafford Cripps had the situation well in hand.—Reuter.

O'Neill On India In Commons

LONDON, Feb. 1.

In the House of Commons today, the Under-Secretary of State for India was asked about the political situation in India and about further discussions between the Viceroy and Indian leaders.

Sir Hugh O'Neill said that Gandhiji was meeting the Viceroy next Monday and he had no further statements to make.—Reuter.

JOURNALIST ON ESPIONAGE CHARGE

LONDON, Feb. 1.

There was another arrest today in the espionage affair.

A journalist aged 74 was arrested just as he returned from a trip to South France. According to police he had been engaged there trying to collect information regarding specialised chemical industries engaged in producing war material. It is alleged he had been sent there by the Colonel.

The journalist had lived many years in Paris and only returned to Geneva on the outbreak of the war.—Reuter.

BRUSSELS, February 1.

Lieutenant-General Van Den Bergen, Chief of the Army General Staff, has asked to be relieved of his post to enable him to take up active command. The resignation has caused great surprise.

A semi official news agency report states that the decision was taken on purely personal grounds.

He will be succeeded by Major-General Michiels.—Reuter.

Bapat Deported From Kolhapur

Taken To Ratnagiri And Released For Breaking Order Twice

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 1.

Senapati Bapat of Poona and the leader of the Maharashtra Forward Bloc, arrived here and addressed a meeting at Khasbag Maidan in defiance of the prohibitory order under Section 141 Cr.P.C. banning all public meetings.

Although the meeting passed off peacefully, Mr. Bapat was later served with an order to quit the State territory forthwith but he refused to obey the order. He was thereupon arrested by the State police and removed outside the State territory, about 40 miles from here.—United Press.

DEPORTED TO RATNAGIRI.

Mr. Bapat again entered the State limits and on his entry he was again arrested by the State police, but this time it is stated, they took him to Ratnagiri where he was subsequently released.—A.P.

BAPAT'S HOUSE SEARCHED

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Feb. 1.

The police searched this evening the residence of Senapati Bapat and took away from the Forward Bloc Office there some literature regarding future programme of the Forward Bloc and its attitude towards war. The search was conducted under Section 2 (10) of Press Emergency Act.

SPECIAL BATTALIONS OF EX-SERVICEMEN

British War Office Announcement

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The war office announces that certain defence battalions will shortly proceed abroad. It is understood that a big proportion of men are ex-servicemen between the ages of 35 and 50. These men volunteered in thousands in response to the appeal for men for Home Defence Units.

Since their joining, the War Office has been inundated with requests from these veterans to serve with the B. E. F. As a result the War Office has agreed to draft a certain number abroad. The men will guard dumps, bridges and power stations and release younger men for Frontline service.—Reuter.

SWEDISH DEFENCE PROGRAMME

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 1.

The Swedish Government has granted £1,400,000 for construction of fortifications in various parts of the country and £45,000 to build military aerodromes in the eastern area.—Reuter.

WHO SIGNALLED TO FOREIGN 'PLANES?

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 1.

The police are endeavouring to trace the driver of a car, who is said to have signalled by lamp flashes to assist foreign planes to find their way over the province of Utrecht.—Reuter.

French Soldiers Back To Land

PARIS, Feb. 1.

Farmers and agricultural labourers between 44 and 48 now in the Army will be returned to the land during February.

This measure is rendered necessary by shortage of labour and bad weather conditions. Special agricultural leave will continue to be granted to men in 41 to 43 age groups.—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST NEW IMPOST

City Stock Exchange Will Remain Closed On Feb. 6

The Bombay Stock Exchange will remain closed on Feb. 6, (the day when the Excess Profits Tax Bill will be introduced in the Central Assembly) to protest against the universally condemned New Impost.

TRICOLOUR ON Y. M. C. A.

Students Asked To Apologise

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

About twenty students of the Y.M.C.A. Hostel have been asked by the hostel authorities to express regret for hoisting the national tri-colour flag on the hostel building on January 26 last—the "Independence Day."

The students are also required to furnish an undertaking in writing by February 27, that they would not repeat the above action.—United Press.

FOR GERMAN REPATRIATES

11 Districts To Be Cleared Of Czechs

PARIS, Feb. 1.

Nazi authorities are turning out Czechs in eleven districts round Prague to make room for Germans repatriated from the Baltic countries, according to a Havas despatch from the Slovak frontier.

It is stated that the eleven districts will form "a Germanic iron circle round the old capital of the Romano-German Empire."—Reuter

BACK TO REICH

Germans From Italy

ROME, Feb. 1.

It is officially announced that a total of 1,45,000 people of German origin from Upper Adige in Northern Italy have returned to the Reich up to 31|1 under the agreement.—Reuter.

German Nationals In Nazi-Poland

BERLIN, Feb. 1.

The Official Gazette announces a law authorising additional members of the Reichstag to represent German nationals now settled in German-occupied Poland.

There will be one new member for every 60,000 such nationals.—Reuter.

THAW SETS IN: WESTERN FRONT GETTING FREE

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The long-awaited thaw has set in the Western Front in earnest, bringing increased activity by patrols and behind the lines. In the air, however, quiet conditions continued to prevail.

A small army of men set to work yesterday as the temperature rose and rain fell to free the area from the grip of melting snow and ice.

The thaw, if maintained, would undoubtedly create its own problems, but it is not likely to compare with the severe check to the freedom of movement, which the B E. F. has suffered during the unrelieved freeze-up of the past fortnight.

LONDON, Feb. 1.

Sir John Reith (National Government) has been returned unopposed in the parliamentary by-election at Southampton in succession to Sir Charles Barrie, resigned.—Reuter.

Can Stalin Swallow This?

Nazi Bible On "Bloodlust Of Present Rulers Of Russia"

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 1.

The long-awaited new edition of "Mein Kampf" is now on sale in Berlin.

The Berlin correspondent of "Politiken" says the book has not been abridged and Germans may still read in it that a pact with Russia would lead to the downfall of Germany. The book also says the enormous "Reich in the East" is ripe for collapse.

AND HITLER'S NEW-FOUND FRIENDS.

On page number 750 can be read: "It must never be forgotten that the present rulers of Russia are low, blood-stained criminals and the scum of humanity, who knocked over a big State and wiped out millions of its intelligentsia in a wild bloodlust and exercised the most gruesome tyranny of all time."—Reuter.

'QUAKE SHOCK NEAR MOUNT OLYMPUS

SALONICA, Feb. 1.

A severe earthquake shock was felt this morning in the small town of Ekaterini at the foot of Mount Olympus and the surrounding district.

Several houses collapsed and there were some casualties but details are hitherto lacking.—Reuter.

King Suffers From Slight Cold

LONDON, Feb. 1.

It is officially announced that His Majesty the King is suffering from a slight cold and confined to his room in Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

Lord Mayor's Red Cross Fund

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The Royal Liver Friendly Society, Liverpool, to-day telegraphed £1,000 to enable the Lord Mayor's Red Cross Fund to reach a million sterling mark.—Reuter

STOP PRESS

RUSSIAN ATTACKS REPELLED.

HELSINKI, Feb. 1.

A communique dealing with yesterday's activities records that Russian attacks northeast of Lake Ladoga were repulsed with heavy losses. The enemy attacks at Salla and in the direction of Petsamo were also repelled. The enemy bombed Rovaniemi and flew over other towns. The casualties amounted to "some dozens of civilians killed and about forty wounded." Two enemy planes were brought down.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.

Mr. Cordell Hull announced that Mr. William Bullitt, Ambassador in Paris has been summoned home for consultation. Mr. Bullitt is leaving on Feb. 3. Mr. Hull added that Mr. Joseph Kennedy, Ambassador in London was returning to England this month.—Reuter.

Japan To Keep Off European Conflict

OUT TO STABILISE PUPPET GOVT. IN CHINA

Premier Yonai On "New Order In East Asia"

TOKYO, Jan. 1.

The information that Government is determined to concentrate on "a settlement of the China affair" and not become involved in the European conflict was made by the Premier Admiral Yonai addressing the House of Peers.

JAPAN'S STAND

He said it was Japan's intention to adjust relations with other Powers, while firmly maintaining an independent standpoint and added: "In order to fulfil our mission of establishing a New Order in East Asia in accordance with our conviction, it is imperative we concentrate the total power of the nation and seek to strengthen national defence.

TRIPLE OBJECTIVE

"To that end the replenishment of armaments, the strengthening of national morale and the assurance of wartime livelihood for the people are indispensable."

PLANNED ECONOMY

Touching economic questions, Admiral Yonai said: "We must seek to expand our power of production and further our foreign trade and at the same time expedite putting into effect a comprehensive planned economy covering Japan, Manchukuo and China. For the successful operation of our present wartime economy, it is essential that we should undertake a policy of low prices and take measures of various kinds for both increased production and for proper distribution of goods. The various measures of economic control must be strengthened and executed smoothly through co-operation of Government and people."

PUPPET GOVT.

Referring to the situation in China, Amdiral Yonai said that the Government was determined to dispose off the China affair in accordance with Japan's basic policy. The new Central Government under the leadership of Dr. Wang-Ching-Wei would it was expected, be established in no very distant future. Japan was ready to extend her whole-hearted support and co-operation towards facilitating the formation of this Government.

Craigie Submits Plan For Conciliation

Conversations between Mr. Arita and Sir Robert Craigie are gradually resulting in a more friendly atmosphere according to the newspaper "Asahi Shimbun."

The paper adds: "Apparently yesterday a step was taken towards the solution of "Asama Maru" affair.

"Nichinichi Shimbun" says that now it is expected the affair can be settled unexpectedly quickly, "Sir Robert Craigie having submitted a plan for conciliation."

TEXT OF JAPANESE REPLY

The text of the Japanese reply to the British note on January 27 in connection with the "Asama Maru" incident was handed to Sir Robert Craigie to-day by the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.

It was agreed that the two notes should be published simultaneously as soon as the British Government had time to consider the Japanese note.—Reuter.

RUSSO-JAPANESE TALKS BREAKDOWN

MOSCOW, Feb. 1.

A statement has now been issued confirming the report of the breakdown of talks between Soviet and Japan on the border dispute between Manchukuo and Outer Mongolia.

The reason given is that both the Soviet and Japanese delegates refused to recognise the official documents produced on the other side.—Reuter.

STABILISING EASTERN ASIA

Mr. Arita On Foreign Policy Of Japan

TOKYO, January 31.

Mr. Arita, Foreign Minister, speaking in the Diet, said that Japan's policy was aimed primarily at stabilisation of Eastern Asia where every effort was made to re-establish peace in accordance with international justice.

Pursuing this fundamental policy, the Government were doing all that was within its power to regulate the China incident and adjust international relations, taking an independent standpoint.

"Our policy is to join forces with a new China which will be delivered from all anti-Japanese and pro-Comintern influence".

Japan would do everything possible to help the formation and activities of a new Chinese Government the establishment of which would be the cause of great satisfaction to both countries.

Mr. Arita said the policy of defence against the Comintern remained unchanged. "We will continue close relationship with all powers who are signatories to the anti-Comintern Pact".

Referring to American abrogation of the Treaty of Commerce and Friendship with Japan, Mr. Arita said Japan took all measures possible to protect the rights and interests of third Powers and was trying to consider fairly all cases of damage suffered by citizens of third Powers as a result of military operations.—Reuter.

Food Lorries For Britons In Tientsin

LONDON, Feb. 1.

A message from Tientsin says that the Japanese authorities have now agreed to allow food lorries to the British Concession without delay.

This announcement follows the negotiations between the Japanese and the British Consul-General at Tientsin.—Reuter.

Japan Refloats Sunk Submarine

TOKIO, Feb. 1.

A Japanese submarine which was lost in the Bungo Straits a year ago following a collision with a sister ship has been refloated announces the Navy Department. The bodies of officers and men have been recovered.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Engineers, Doctors, Lawyers, Graduates and General Clerks. Apply for terms to No. 12777, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerks, Cashiers, Accountants, Managers, for several Branches to be opened shortly in Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply at once on prescribed printed form to be obtained from the Asiatic Bank Ltd., Karachi on payment of Rs. 2. (1874)

Wanted Gentleman and Ladies to enrol with us as Extras. No enrolment fee charged. Call personally between 1 and 5 p.m. at Sharma Agency, Film Employment Bureau, Reay House, 1st Floor, Opp. Lloyds Bank, Hornby Road, Bombay. (12776).

Wanted Agricultural Engineer for Sugar Cane Plantation. Must have practical experience and thorough knowledge of tractors and agricultural machinery as well as oil engines and pumping out fits. Apply sharp stating qualifications and previous experience, also jobs held with salaries, and minimum salary acceptable. The North Bengal Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., Gopalpur, Dist. Rajshahi, Bengal. (1892)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Monthly Remuneration 100|- rising to 225|-, Bonus 300|-, No Investment, Samples Free Nationals (Woollen & Silk Mills) Limited, Ludhiana. (12744)

Wanted 6 Managing agents for the running mining business on Rs. 10,000 (ten thousand rupees) cash security in the Imperial Bank, 5 per cent. interest 2 per cent. commission free quarter travelling free apply sharp to Box No. 12762, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Selling sole agents for Bombay and Karachi agent of various kinds of high grade of minerals, cash security Rs. 50,000 for Bombay and Karachi only apply sharp, further particulars apply for the terms, Box No. 12763, "Bombay Chronicle."

346. INVESTMENTS.

Wanted—Capitalists for 6 lakhs Rupees, 5 per cent. interest per hundred per year and 5 per cent. commission on profit for the Running mining business such as Nugget of platinum ore mixed with Gold and platinum. Zinc Blende mixed with Silver and zinc, etc. silk-asbestos, copper ore Mica and other valuable minerals. Apply sharp Box No. 12761, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

P.W.D.

SEPARATE SEALED PERCENTAGE TENDERS in B-1 form for the work of construction of Gymnasium at the Development Department Chawls at Worli, Naigaum and DeLisle Road, Bombay, each costing Rs. 7,142 will be received in the Office of the undersigned on THURSDAY, the 8th February, 1940, up to 4 p.m. (S.T.).

2. Tender forms with specification can be had from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2 each on any working day up to 4 p.m. (S.T.) (2 p.m. on Saturdays) except the day on which the tenders are to be received.

N. V. S. MURTI,
Executive Engineer,
Presidency.

(1895)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

IT IS PROPOSED to take photographs of encroachments made on Public Streets in the form of shrines, temples, mosques, etc. for the records of the Municipality.

Quotations are, therefore, invited from reputed photographers for the work of taking and supplying photographs of such temples, mosques, Crosses etc., situated at certain places in the City, shown in the list to be obtained from the undersigned.

Quotations should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope marked "Quotations for photographs" together with an earnest money of Rs. 50, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Thursday the 15th February 1940.

The list of places, specifications of the photographs, etc., will be issued to anyone deputed to receive them, on payment of Re. 1 for each copy, by the undersigned who will on application, give any further information that may be required.

In the case of a firm the names of all the partners must be invariably specified in the quotation.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself, to accept, the lowest or any other quotation.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.

1-2-1940.

1896.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

REQUIRED for JAMNAGAR & DWARKA RAILWAY 13,000 tons Selected Grade Loco Steam Bengal Coal.

Quotations should be given for delivery by Sea-Route F.O.R. on Weigh-Bridge at Okha Port Station or by all Rail-Route F.O.R. JAMNAGAR in two instalments of 7,000 and 6,000 tons at an interval of about five months.

Port dues, Wharfage, etc. for delivery at Okha Port to be paid by the Suppliers.

Open offers supported by full analysis of Coal to be supplied and all necessary particulars as regards Seam of Coal to be supplied will be received at 3 p.m. on Saturday the 30th March, 1940, in the Office of the Undersigned, who does not bind himself to accept any or the lowest offer.

The successful Tenderer will have to give Rs. 2,000 as Deposit for the due fulfilment of the Contract which should be completed by February, 1941 and to execute an Agreement for the same.

HIMATSINHJI,
Colonel,
President,
Stores Purchase Committee,
Nawanagar State.
Jamnagar, dated 26-1-1940

1888.

A FILM
for the Rich and the Poor
HINDUSTAN CINETONE'S
"MUD"
OR
APNI NAGARIA
Starring:
Mrs. SHOBHANA SAMARTH
Supported by
NAZIR, JAYANT, K. N. SINGH
Directed by GUNJAL.
NOW SHOWING AT
PATHE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Mats. at 1 p.m. on Sat. Sun. and Holidays.

TO-DAY—positively the LAST DAY!
CAPITOL
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TOWER of LONDON
starring
BASIL RATHBONE
with
BORIS KARLOFF · BARBARA O'NEIL
IAN HUNTER · VINCENT PRICE
NAN GREY
A New Universal Picture
From to-morrow:
The GOLDWYN FOLLIES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOW

FROM TO-MORROW
KAHAN HAI MANZIL TERI?
A Wadia Picture
PLAZA

4 SONG HITS 4
By Melodious SHEELA
ENJOY THEM IN
THE WILL
A MINERVA PICTURE
वसीयत
MINERVA'S LAUGH HIT
Which Enters Its
3rd WEEK
TO-MORROW AT
NEW WEST END
Daily at 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.

A FILM That NATION NEEDS
SHREE RANJIT'S
"ACHHUT"
(The Untouchable)
Starring—Glorious GOHAR
OPERA HOUSE
DAILY: 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

NO ALLOWANCE TO CORPORATORS

Deorukhkar's Amendment Thrown Out

Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar made another attempt to get conveyance allowance for Municipal Councillors on Thursday but it was thrown out without much discussion.

Dr. J. V. Vora moved to approve of the budget estimates for Rs. 11,36,651 under the heads of Supervision and Collection of Revenues, including Debt. Charges.

Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar moved an amendment to make a provision for Rs. 25,000 to meet the charges incurred by councillors by way of conveyance, etc. for attending the meetings of the Municipal Corporation and its various Committees.

Mr. Suleman Darvesh seconded and Mr. Z. Chowdhary supported the amendment.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin said it would be a black letter day in the history of the Municipal Corporation if they passed a resolution of this kind.

Mr. M. U. Rajab, supporting the amendment said the councillors were giving more of their time than the members of the Legislative Assembly and, therefore, they were entitled to get something.

The amendment was taken to a division and declared lost by 19 votes against 39.

Dr. J. V. Vora, then moved for the adoption of a sum of Rs. 42,52,106 under the head of Education including Rs. 39,36,000 for the primary education in the city.

Dr A. J. Collaco seconded the proposition.

Mr. M. N. Talpade, urged the Schools Committee to cut down superfluous expenses.

Mr. M. V. Donde asked the Municipal Corporation to consider the magnitude of their responsibility undertaken for the free and compulsory primary education. In the whole presidency the Government spent Rs. 2 crores for primary education while Bombay city alone spent nearly Rs. 50 lakhs a year. He thought that they should devise ways and means to cut down their expenditure but at the same time give education to as many pupils as possible. He supported Shift System as it enabled more students to take advantage of education.

Mr. Suleman Darvesh opposed the Shift System as it encouraged idleness among the students.

At this stage further debate was adjourned till Monday next.

Victoriawala Association's Meeting

An emergent meeting of the members of the Bombay Hack Victoriawala Association was held on Wednesday and the following resolutions were passed.—

That the meeting requests the Mayor of Bombay to reduce Wheel Tax.

That the Police Commissioner be requested for levying the wheel tax by two instalments of six months each.

That the Government's attention be drawn towards the diversion of fodder to up country and the grant of other reliefs.

"TIPPU'S SWORD"

The Secretary to H. H. the Yuvaraja of Mysore sends the following cablegram received from Mr. Gray of the British Museum for publication:—

My opinion of the sword submitted in December, correctly quoted, can still not confirm or deny the tradition that it belonged to Tippu Sultan. The existence of another sword in the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, is not against it. Tippu, no doubt, possessed many swords.

Sewri Cotton Depot Workers Form Their Union

A largely attended meeting of the Cotton Depot workers at Cotton Green was held at the maidan at Kala Chauki on Sunday last. The workers ventilated their grievances and decided to form their Union to fight for them.

A resolution declaring the foundation of "Cotton Kamgar Union Bombay" was passed unanimously. It was also resolved at the meetings to get the Union registered under the Trade Union Act.

The meeting resolved to call upon the Managing Committee of the Union to immediately take into hands the question of securing 'Dear Allowance' to the workers.

SMILE! SING & SWING!!!
See New Theatre's Social Musicomedy!
JAWANI-KI-REET
Starring—Sweet KANANBALA
KRISHNA DAILY 4-15, 7, & 10 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The circumstances which led to the firing on mill worker by Sub-Inspector Butler on January 24th resulting in his immediate death were narrated to the City Coroner's Jury to-day, at the inquest on the body of Dakhtya Bhagya.

The jury returned a verdict of "justifiable homicide".

At the inquest on Taibai, the jury held that she was murdered by Dakhtya Bhagya.

Charged with assaulting his wife with an iron pipe, Ganganna Ramanna was arrested yesterday by the Nagpada Police. He was produced this morning at the Mazagaon Police Court before Mr. D. S. Babrekar and was ordered to be released on bail.

Kantilal Hiralal Sheth, who was arrested on January 17, on a charge of cheating at the instance of a Sardar of Sawantwadi State, and subsequently bailed out was again arrested on Tuesday afternoon by the Bombay C.I.D. on two charges of cheating or in the alternative criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 2,250.

The magistrate granted the police application for extension of the bail period.

CITY EDITOR ON DEFAMATION CHARGE

When the cases filed by Mr. S. B. Sanglikar against Messrs Francis Low and H. W. Smith, Editor and Printer respectively of the "Times of India" and the "Evening News of India", were called out in the Court of the City First Class Magistrate of Bandra, the accused were found to be absent.

Mr. J. R. Athaide, Advocate, who appeared on behalf of the accused, presented an application for postponing the hearing of these cases to some date after the 15th March.

Meanwhile, the cases have been postponed to the 22nd instant, and the accused ordered to be present in Court on that day.

CASE AGAINST BOMBAY M. L. A.

Accused Pleads Not Guilty

The case in which Namadeorao Budhajirao Patil, a member of the Legislative Assembly, Saraswati Bai Govindram, Shantaram Ramchandra, Papaimiya Muna Saheb and Chandrabai stood charged under the Abkari Act, was resumed to-day before Mr. T. T. Barodawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court when C. K. Daftary, Public Prosecutor examined Sub-Inspector Shaikh.

Namadeorao Bhudhajirao denied that he was in possession of any intoxicant. The bottle, Ex. A., did not belong to him. He had no right to exercise any control over it. He was only drinking whisky and soda served to him.

Without admitting possession he submitted that possession of foreign liquor is not prohibited under the Bombay Abkari Act and therefore it cannot be an offence.

He, therefore, submitted that he be acquitted. Other accused also pleaded not guilty. The case is postponed to the 15th instant.

All-Berar Youth Conference

Mr. Anant Tukaram Walke, Editor, Berar School Paper, Amraoti, wires:

"It has been brought to my notice that the announcement of the All Berar Youth Conference, to be held at Amraoti under the presidentship of Mr. Nariman has been made under my name.

"The conveners did once express that they would be glad if I would consent to be the Chairman of the Reception Committee of the conference but I did not consent to the proposal, I have no part in the arrangements whatsoever of the Conference.

Rs. 80,000 For Lady Graham Hospital

KARACHI, Feb. 1

The "United Press" learns that the Government of Sind has agreed to contribute a sum of about Rs. 80,000 towards the cost of construction of Lady Graham Hospital building at Dadu.

The total cost of the building is estimated to be Rs. 1,10,000 and Lady Graham, wife of the Governor of Sind, has inaugurated an Association at Dadu which is expected to collect the remaining amount of Rs. 30,000.

The hospital, when completed, will prove a great boon to the public of Dadu and the district. —United Press.

High Court

CENTRAL BANK CASE

Sir Jamshedji Kanga's Arguments: Shamdasani's Reply

BOMBAY, Thursday.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen).

P. D. Shamdasani Petitioner.

v

The Central Bank of India Ltd. —Respondents.

This was a continued hearing of the application whereby the Petitioner sought to set aside a certain judgment of Mr. Justice Rangnekar on the ground that he was interested therein as a shareholder.

Continuing his address to the Court, the Petitioner said that if his idea had been to take the chance of a decision in his favour he would not have waited to file the present petition till 1939. The Petitioner repeated that he did not know of the fact of Mr. Justice Rangnekar being a shareholder till his accidental discovery when he took inspection of the Bank's registers on 17th October 1939. He pleaded innocence due to ignorance of the fact and to lapse of memory.

The Chief Justice at this stage pointed out to the petitioner that the petitioner may have known that Justice Rangnekar was a shareholder but may still have been ignorant then of his legal right to have the decision set aside on that ground.

The petitioner further argued that shares are a type of property, which are bought and sold very freely in the market and so the judge ought to have informed him each time that he was interested in the Bank as a shareholder. The petitioner then enunciated various primary principles of the law of Warner and Estoppel.

The petitioner's protracted arguments were stopped by the Chief Justice at 3-30 p.m.

KANGA'S ARGUMENTS

Sir Jamshedji Kanga then commenced his address to the Court which lasted for exactly an hour. He pointed out that there were authorities to prove that a judge is not bound to disclose his interest but only that it is desirable for him to do so. Counsel went on to say that where the affidavit of a petitioner falsely did not admit that this was knowledge of the fact of the existing interest of the judge, the Court should refuse to set aside the decision on such evidence. It was for the petitioner to satisfy the court that he had no knowledge of the fact, ((1914) 1 X.B. 608 and 108 L.T. 270) Counsel further argued that it was impossible to conceive of the petitioner having discovered the fact, of Mr. Justice Rangnekar holding these shares, accidentally when the petitioner went for inspection with a set purpose. Counsel further asserted that the petitioner had made false statements in his petition and affidavit and had persisted in them in his own evidence and in his conduct of the case. He ended up by saying "if all these are positive falsehoods, what remains of it?" Counsel pointed out that the petitioner's only objects were, to harass the Bank and to have about 12 to 15 other orders by other judges set aside on the same ground.

Mr. Shamdasani had just started his reply when the Court rose for the day. The case will be taken up to-day Friday at 11 a.m.

The petitioner appeared in person.

Sir J. B. Kanga with Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the respondents.

PROPERTY TAX

Sister Suit To Be Taken To Federal Court In Appeal

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen).

Jugmohandas Kaliandas—Appellant-Plaintiff.

vs.

The Province of Bombay and Ors.—Respondents-Defendants.

This was a sister suit to the one filed by and decided against Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy. The Plaintiff sought a declaration that the Urban Immovable Property Tax was illegal and "ultra vires" the Provincial sphere. The suit had been dismissed by a Special Bench consisting of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Kania.

Sir Chimanlal S. Setalvad who appeared for the appellant asked their lordships for leave to file an appeal to the Federal Court under Orders 9 and 10 of the Rules of that Court, read with Order 45 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Their lordships admitted the appeal.

BARODA BANS KISAN MEETINGS

BARODA, Feb. 1

In order to prevent class struggle between Khedut and Sahukar and avoid breach of public peace which were apprehended by lectures on kisan movement in Baroda District, a notification was issued by the District Magistrate today prohibiting such lectures in the whole District for a period of twelve months.—United Press.

BANDRA CONGRESS PARTY WALKS OUT

Election Of New Office-bearers & Committees

(From Our Correspondent)

BANDRA, Jan. 31.

After a delay of several months a special general meeting of the Bandra Municipality was held yesterday evening to elect the President, other office bearers and committees for the current year.

When the meeting began the president proposed to adjourn the proceedings for a couple of minutes in memory of Khan Bahadur Bhaba, the late Mr. Raghu Nandan Kothari of Santa Cruz and Mr Patkar of Bandra.

Mr. D'Monte of the Congress Party moved a resolution that in view of the Late Mr. Khan Bahadur's benefaction to the Municipality, it would be proper to adjourn the meeting without transacting the business at all. He was supported by Mr. Veerbal H. Mehta, an associate member of the Municipal Congress Party and its Honorary Secretary, who said that it was almost rediculous to adjourn for a couple of minutes only in view of the gratitude due to the late Mr. Khan Bahadur for his gift of the Hospital next door. The President remarked that there was no convention requiring such an adjournment as was proposed by Mr. D'Monte.

Mr. Mehta said that during his one year's connection with the Municipality he had found that conventions were followed or thrown overboard by the President whenever it suited his convenience. He assured the President and his Party that there was no Party motive behind the adjournment.

The President replying to the debate said that the appointment of office-bearers and committees would brook no delay. The proposition of Mr. Ignatius was negatived by 22 votes against 14.

Mr. D'Monte thereupon declared that the Congress Party would not take any part in the proceedings that were to follow Mr. Veerbal H. Mehta after a few minutes left with the permission of the President for another engagement. Almost all members of the Congress Party thereafter left the meeting after the election of the President.

HOUSE SEARCHES IN JAIPUR

JAIPUR, (By Mail.)

The Jaipur Rapya Praja Mandal writes:—

Instead of the book 'Bharat men Angrezi Rajya' one copy each of 'Rajaswa aur Hamari Daridrata,' 'Jaipur men Azadi ki Lahar' Nos. 2 and 3, and 'Bharat Bharati' was seized during the recent search by the Jaipur city police from the house of Pt. Ramdhan Sharma. The books, it is understood, as are not proscribed.

On the same date the house of Sjt. Hazarilal Maheshwari was also raided at about 10 p.m. but in the search, it is learnt, nothing objectionable was found.

Gandhiji's Letter To Dr. Khare

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

"I am very glad to see your own handwriting. Our politics may differ, but you are still the keeper of my body", says Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a letter to Dr. N. B. Khare, ex-premier, in reply to Dr. Khare's letter to him on Gandhiji's article in the 'Harijan' regarding Mr. Bose, Nariman and himself (Dr. Khare) —United Press.

Nagpur Workers March On Council Hall

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Four thousand workmen of the Empress Mills marched in a procession towards the Council Hall this afternoon after a stay-in-strike.

Later a deputation headed by Mr. R. S. Ruikar waited on Sir Geoffrey Burton, Adviser, and submitted a memorandum outlining the demand. Sir Geoffrey promised to place the same before the Government.—United Press.

New Delhi: The Select Committee on Arbitration Law considered the draft report to-day and adjourned till February 3, when the report will be signed for presentation on the opening day of the Assembly session.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

BLOOD PRESSURE REDUCED IN THREE WEEKS

Many sufferers from blood pressure think that their case is of too long standing to yield to treatment. How mistaken this belief is could easily be proved from countless letters which have reached us from writers who have found unexpected relief after years of excessive blood pressure. The following letter speaks for itself: "I feel I ought to write and express how grateful I am for health restored. I had been suffering from blood pressure for several years. Doctors did me no good at all, but I have been taking 'Phyllosan' tablets and now feel altogether different. I can truthfully say I felt better in three weeks, but I am taking them still, for I don't want to get ill again. I have recommended them to friends and they are so pleased with the result." (Mrs. E. K.)

Few cases of blood pressure are too long established for 'Phyllosan' treatment. The disagreeable accompaniments such as giddiness, palpitation and head noises will gradually become less frequent and will tend to disappear.

'Phyllosan' is basically a vegetable concentrate possessing the vitalizing and rejuvenating properties upon which all life depends. It contains no drugs, glands or animal extracts. Thousands of grateful letters from 'Phyllosan' users all over the world tell of the blessing it has been to them. Sold by all Chemists and Stores. If you find 'Phyllosan' Tablets difficult to obtain write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd., Dept. (D.R.), P. O. Box No. 258, Bombay (Sole selling agents in India on behalf of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London). They will also send you a FREE copy of a highly interesting booklet 'Revitalization and Rejuvenation,' which will inform you how 'Phyllosan' tablets can benefit YOU.

"RELIEF" NIB
SMOOTH VELVETY ACTION
Adapts itself to your style of writing
From all Depots and Stores
INDIA'S MOST POPULAR WRITER

Odol
TOOTH PASTE
MAKES TEETH WHITE AND GUMS HEALTHY
In every carton of Odol toothpaste there is packed a useful advertising novelty. (See list in each carton for complete range.)
O.T.7

Being Swadeshi, Tej costs less than imported brands. Available in two sizes and in three colours in tins, viz. Black, Tan and Dark Tan.

LOOK out your oldest shoes or chappals . . . brush them well with Tej Boot Polish . . . wear them a few days, regularly polishing them with Tej—and be prepared for a surprise! Very soon the leather will be soft and pliable, ready for more hard wear . . . and what a shine! You won't know them as the same shoes.

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On The Air

FRIDAY, FEB. 2

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 S. G. Mohiuddin. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 The A I R Qawwali Party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in Eng. 9 Cookery hints. 9-15 Rahmat Khan of Dharwar: Sitar. 9-30 Mohammad Husain. 9-40 G. J. Watve: Bhajan Mirabai. 9-50 Tunes of the town.

12-30 p.m. A Group of Ghazals. 12-50 Songs from Sindh. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Naats. 1-10 Mutual Understanding: Lesson in Eng. and Hin. 1-25 Paritoah Seal: Piano Accordian. 1-35 Lunch hour music and school broadcast. 2-30 Musical prelude. 2-35 Science, Chemistry of Food: Talk. 2-50 An Alien Air. 3 Hindustani lesson. 5 You asked for it. 5-10 Selected by Vishnu Prasad. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by Ramanlal S. Jhaveri. 6 News in Eng. 6-5 News in Hin. 6-10 The A I R Qawwali Party. 6-25 The String Quartet. 6-35 Mohammad Husain. 6-45 Peelu and Violin. 6-50 G. J. Watve: Marathi Bhavgeet. 7 Film music. 7-15 Rahmat Khan: Sitar. 7-30 Sardarbai Karadgekar. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 G. J. Watve. 8-35 Venkatswami Naidu: Violin. 8-42 Master Sadiq. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hin. 9-20 News in Eng. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Latest hits. 9-55 A variety of vocalists. 10-30 News in Eng.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 a.m. to 8-15 As in Bombay 1. 8-15 M. Umar Khan: Sarod. 8-25 Sardarbai Karadgekar. 8-57 Caravan: Orchestra. 9 Topical talk. 9-15 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Azmat Husain. 9-55 The A I R Trio. 12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Naat. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 3-15 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Geets. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Children's Hour (Eng.) 7 Journalism at Large: Talk. 7-15 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Azmat Husain. 8-10 A Sitar recital by Rahmat Khan. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Among the new books: Review. 8-45 Sardarbai Karadgekar. 9-10 Azmat Husain. 9-30 Mantzari Mavricakis: Soprano. 9-40 Emile Sauer: Pianoforte. 10-8 A I R Nonette. 10-30 News in English.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Master Mumtaz and Party. 5-25 Naaten by A I R Artists. 5-40 A Light Variety Programme. 6-15 Ramzan Khan. 6-30 For Villagers only. 7-30 Delhi ke Diwankhane, 3: Talk in Hindustani. 7-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 7-55 Shamshad Begam of Lahore. 8-15 Books I have been reading: Talk. 8-30 A Vichitra Veena recital by Habib Ali Khan. 8-40 Shah-i-Madeena: Master Mumtaz and Party. Abdul Haq and Shamshad Begam. 10 Master Mumtaz and Party 10-15 Shamshad Begam.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5-15 As in Delhi 1. 6-15 Abdul Haq. 6-30 A I R Strings. 6-35 Shamshad Begam. 6-55 Habib Ali Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital. 7-10 Master Mumtaz and Party. 7-30 to 7-45 As in Delhi 1. 7-45 Ramzan Khan. 7-55 to 10 As in Delhi 1. 10 A half hour of Rhythm.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. For the Countryside. 7 Multani Kafis by Badrbai of Multan. 7-20 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar: Sitar. 7-30 Jhuki Jhuki Ankhen: Short story in Hindustani. 7-45 Preet ke Geet by Faqiruddin. 8 Badrbai: Ghazals. 8-15 Out in the Garden: Talk. 8-30 Ashraf Sultana. 8-50 Geets. 9-50 Apni apni Pasand.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Children. 5-50 For the children (Contd.) 6-10 A programme for children. 6-45 Matir Ghar: Tragedy. 9 Doreen D'Dombal: Piano. 9-45 Paul Strauss and his Orchestra.

Calcutta II—Programme

51.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Ram Krishna Misra. 10 Instrumental Duet. 10-15 Mrityunjoy Bannerjee.

Dacca Programme

257.1 metres (1,167 kc/s)

5 p.m. No, No, No! 5-30 Kanti Guha. 6-50 Bowing the sun away: Violin solo. 6-5 Gnayer Pathey. 7 Nutu Mukerjee. 7-30 Amiya Madhab Roy Chowdhury. 7-45 Tittle—Tattle, 2: Telephone: Talk in Bengali. 8 Amiya Madhab Roy Chowdhury. 7-10 Roma Nag. 8-15 Hridoy Banjan Roy. 8-35 Greeting the Dark Night: Violin. 9-5 Roma Nag. 9-45 Hridoy Ranjan Roy. 10-5 Nutu Mukerjee.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Rusoolanbai of Benares. 6-25 Topic of the day. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar: For rural areas. 7 Ek Tha Raja. 7-30 Looking Back, 2: Talk in Hindustani by Principal K. N. Gupta, when he was primary student. 7-45 Siddheshwaribai of Benares. 8 Nishat: Musical feature by Premi. 8-20 Duet on Sarod and Clarionet. 8-26 Rusoolanbai. 8-33 Sham Bhai par Shyam na Ae: Musical feature on records. 8-43 Siddheshwaribai. 8-53 Rusoolanbai. 9-45 Records. 9-50 Rusoolanbai. 10-7 Siddheshwaribai. 10-19 Rusoolanbai.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's educational broadcasts. 4-3 Things of Interest (Telugu). 4-6 Heroes of History: Akbar: Talk in Telugu. 4-16 Song story in Telugu. 4-20 Group singing. 4-30 Dance music. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-20 G. S. Vijaya Rao: Voice. 6-40 To-day's headline (Telugu). 6-45 Palladam Sanjeeva Rao: Flute. 7 Week by week: Weekly review of world events: Interview in Tamil. 7-15 Instrumental interlude. 7-50 Palladam Sanjeeva Rao: Flute. 9 Weekly Discussion (Eng.) 9-15 An interlude. 9-45 Shrimati T. S. Rangammal of Tinnevelly: Voice.

Madras II—Programme

50.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 p.m. to 6-5 As in Madras 1. 6-5 For rural areas. 6-10 Cotton: Talk in Telugu. 6-20 A Tarangam by Sivaram. 6-30 In Lighter Vein. 6-40 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Bandsman Forbes: Violin (from His Excellency the Governor's Orchestra). 9-55 Richard Tauber: Tenor. 10-5 Grace Calwell: Pianoforte (a Brahms programme).

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 B. Guruswamy Naidu and Party: Carnatic Band. 5-45 Tunes from Talkies. 6-5 For the Villages. 6-30 Ariyakudi Raghava Iyengar. 7 Children of the Earth: Fruit trees: Talk. 7-15 Learn to sing. 7-50 Tiruvengadu Subrahmanya Pillai: Nagaswaram. 9-45 T. P. Ramakrishnan.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Ali Baksh and Party—Qawwali. 6 "Hawai Batain"—Hawa Baz. 6-15 Sushila Bai Honawarkar—music. 6-55 Krisna Rao—Clarionet. 7 to 7-30 For Children (Urdu). 7-30 Sushila Bai Honawarkar—music. 7-45 Ali Buksh and Party—Qawwali. 9 Ali Buksh and Party—Qawwali. 9-20 "Tufani Rath" Orchestra. 9-40 Sushila Bai Honawarkar—songs.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9-40	20-10
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-30
Calcutta Mail (Express)	9-10	17-40
Madras Express	10-15	14-25
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-20
Nagpur Express	15-00	20-55
Poona Fast Pass.	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05
Allahabad Express	21-00	6-15

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

	Arr.	Dep.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee Surat	10-58	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

Arrivals at Ballard Pier

Frontier Mail (on Saturday only) for London 8-40

UNCERTAINTIES OVER FARM PROGRAMME RESTRICTS ACTIVITY IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Wall-Street Absorbs Bombay And Local Selling And Hedging

Bombay, Feb 1

On Wednesday, the New York cotton market was influenced by scattered selling awaiting future Farm Programme. At present times the market is watching Congressional discussions and Budget appropriations. It being Presidential Election Year, the Government will not take any action which may lead to opposition to the present administration. At the same time unfavourable effect as a result of European War, is discounted and there appears a feeling that during Spring and Summer months there will be increased trade activity.

The market in New York cotton advanced in sympathy with the early steadiness abroad but later prices sagged on renewed easiness of Bombay with uncertainties over the Farm Programme restricting activity. There is a move to cut down parity payments and the final decision is awaited.

The New York cotton market opened steady. Trade, Liverpool and Wall Street buying absorbed Bombay and local selling and hedging. Prices sagged on scattered Commission House liquidation and New Orleans selling on the renewed easiness of Liverpool. Prices eased further on the weakness of stocks and wheat markets.

At the opening March was quoted 5 points up at 10.73 and advanced to 10.77 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and March declined 14 points from the highest level at 10.63 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 3 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 10.79c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and price movement was irregular with increased selling in distant months. The market closed at a rise of one point to a decline of 7 points. Spot cotton prices closed 4 points off at 10.32c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened one point up at 7.93 for March. There was light realizing and hedging which was met by speculative buying on suspension of export subsidy plus firmness of Bombay. Later on there was persistent American hedging and scattered trade buying. The market closed at a decline of 12 to 10 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 26 points at 8.26d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet. Uppers futures declined 10 to 1 points and Giza futures closed 8 points down. There was fairly active buying in the Alexandria market, where Sakels advanced 38 to 39 points and Ashmouni futures gained 34 to 35 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10-8 a.m.) ..... 10.77+09

New York March lowest (2-41 p.m.) ..... 10.63—05

Liverpool March highest ..... 8.03+11

Liverpool March lowest ..... 8.78—14

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Cotton anticipate hardening next few weeks.

New York: Weakness due to proposed cut farm payments, apprehension Japanese American situation, weakness Liverpool Bombay and easier tone goods, securities.

NEW YORK COTTON

(New Contracts)

New York, Jan 31

March	10.85—01
May	10.49—04
July	10.18—09
October	9.39—06
December	9.31—06

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 31

March	10.65—03
May	10.33—05
July	10.00—05
October	9.39—06
Middling Spot	10.79—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan 31

March	10.80+01
May	10.47—03
July	10.10—07
Middling Spot	10.32—04

NEW YORK

New York, Jan 31
11a.m. rates Noon, call

March	10.68/10.68	10.70
May...	10.38/10.38	10.39
July	10.05/10.05	10.05

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan 31

	Bales.
Day's receipt at all U S Ports	25,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	4,000
Day's exports to the Continent	13,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	25,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 31

February	7.81—12
March	7.80—12
April	7.80—11
May	7.80—11
June	7.77—11
July	7.75—10
August	7.68—10
September	7.61—10
October	7.55—10
November	7.50—11
December	7.49—10
January	7.46—10
February	7.44—10
Middling Spot	8.26+26

CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE DISCUSSED COTTON PROBLEMS

Standard Cotton And Bollworms

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following Press Communique:—

The cold weather meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee held at Coimbatore on the 19th and 20th January, and Mr. P. M. Kharegat, presided. At the invitation of the Committee Mr. D. N. Strathie, Adviser to the Governor of Madras, delivered the inaugural address.

Sir Chunilal Mehta was unanimously re-elected Vice-President for the ensuing financial year. The constitution of the various sub-committees, which come into office on the 1st April 1940, was also fixed at this meeting.

The report of the Local Sub-Committee gave rise to much discusion on some of the subjects dealt with in it. The fixing of a minimum production of 50,000 bales before a new cotton could be regarded as a "Standard Cotton" was considered to be too high in the case of certain varieties of cotton and the suggestion was made that minimum acreage and not minimum production should be taken into account in arriving at a decision. It was finally agreed that the question might be further examined in consultation with Directors of Agriculture.

FUZZY COTTON.

The question of the steps to be taken to remove the prejudice against white fussy American cotton seed which is reported to be responsible for the loss about Rs. 60,00,000 to the growers next received attention. It was pointed out that the prejudice existed although chemical analyses showed that there was no material difference in food value between the naked and fuzzy seed. After considerable discussion it was finally decided that those provinces which felt the need of propaganda to popularise the use of American seed might undertake it and, if necessary, put up schemes for the purpose to the Committee.

BOLLWORM.

The extension of the following schemes was sanctioned:—The Punjab Bollworm Clean-up Scheme for a period of 3 months, the Hyderabad Pink and Spotted Bollmorm Scheme for 2 months, the Punjab Botanical Scheme for 4 years and the scheme for the better marketing of 1027 A.L.F. cotton in the Baroda State for 2 years. The new schemes sanctioned were the Scheme for Bollworm Investigation and Clean-up in Sind for 3 1/2 years, Model projects for extension of improvments in cotton cultivation in Surat District for 3 years and the Indore Cotton Genetics Research Scheme for 2 years. Sanction was also accorded to the extension of the appointment of Technological Assistant in Gujerat for a period of 5 years.

PILOT PLANT.

On the technological side, the Committee decided to go ahead with its plans for the installation at the Technological, Laboratory of a pilot plant for the manufacture of chemical cotton, even if the Bombay Government did not proceed with their scheme for the purchase of a pilot plant for the manufacture of artificial silk from chemical cotton; in this case, it was agreed, that the report on the subject to be called for from the consultants in America should be limited to the stage of the manufacture of chemical cotton only and payment made accordingly. In regard to the quetion of finding alternative uses for short staple Indian cotton, the Committee agreed with the recommendation of the Technological Research Sub-Committee for the drawing up of a programme of work which would include the possibility of using cotton for road making, the use of cotton cloth for bagging cotton bales, the manufacture of absorbent cotton for medical purposes, the substitution of cotton cloth for wall paper and the manufacture of imitation leather.

SCIENTIFIC WORKERS.

The suggestion that the Conference of Scientific Workers on Cotton, which it had been decided to hold triennially, should be discontinued and that instead cotton workers should be permitted to visit research stations and thus come in close contact with actual workers, was considered. It was felt, however, that such conferences served a useful purpose and that they should, therefore, be continued, but that they should be held at different cotton breeding stations in rotation to enable workers to see the work being done there. It was decided that the next Conference should be held at Surat in January 1941.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 1.

2 3/4 per cent. 1948/58 Loan 93-14
3 per cent 1963/66 Loan 88-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101-6
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 94-10
3 1/2 per cent G P Note 90-8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100-10
4 per cent 1960/79 Loan 106-2
4 per cent 1948 Bonds 104-6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 110-4
5 per cent 1940/43 Bond 101-4

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 110-7
4 per cent 1953-65 Mysore 109
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117-0

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1974 102-4
4 per cent M. Deb. 1974 101-8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 113
6 per cent M Deb 1954 120
6 per cent KPT 1956 120

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Feb 1

B. C. RATES:—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 1st May

LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 1st May
Bank's selling T T D D .....
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 9/32 Two months

NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling I T 334
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328 1/2

PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 1300
Bank's buying T T 1330

JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 79 1/4
Bank's buying T T 78 1/4
Bank's buying 60 days 77 1/4

AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 55 1/8

JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 54 5/8

HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 84

SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 28

SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATE:—
Hongkong London 1/2 31/32 1st inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 7/8 1st inst.
Java London 7.47/55 1st inst.
New York London 3.99 1/2 31st ultimo
London New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 31st ulto.
London Paris 176 1/2-3/4 31st ulto.
London Italy 78.75 31st ulto.
London Belgium 23.65/80 31st ulto.
London Switzerland 17.85/95 31st ulto.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 31st ulto.
London Amsterdam 7.53/58 31st ulto.
London Japan 1/2 5/32 31st ulto.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 30th ulto.
Gold £8-8-0 31st ulto.
Silver London Ready 21 1/16 30th ulto.
Silver London Ready 21 3/8 31st ulto.
Silver London Forward 20 15/16 30th ulto.
Silver London Forward 21 3/8 31st ulto.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 30th ulto.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 31st ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/8 per cent 30th ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/8 per cent 31st ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 30th ulto.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 31st ulto.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 per cent,
3 months 2 1/4 per cent.
6 months 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

COTTON PARITY

Difference Broach A/M below Liverpool May 170 penny points
Difference Broach J/A below Liverpool July 145 penny points
Difference Broach A/M below New York May 12 cent points
Difference Broach J/A above New York July 55 cent points

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Jan 31

SAKELS:—

March	19.73+38
May	19.72+39

ASHMOUNI:—

February	17.35+34
April	17.60+35

GIZA:—

March	18.22+38
May	18.64+36

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 31

UPPERS:—

Spot	10.07—23
March	9.76—10
May	9.85—10
July	9.91—10
October	9.63—01
November	9.60—09
January	9.60

GIZA:—

Spot	10.52+27
March	10.10—08
May	10.25—08
July	10.30—08
October	10.34—08
November	10.30—08
January	10.30

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan 31

Broach A/M highest 272 lowest 262 closing 270 1/4
Broach J/A highest 281 lowest 271 closing 278 3/4
Oomra March highest 243 lowest 234 closing 241 1/4
Oomra May highest 246 1/2 lowest 237 1/2 closing 244 3/4
Bengal March highest 201 1/2 lowest 194 1/2 closing 200 1/2
Bengal May highest 204 1/2 lowest 197 1/2 closing 204
Night session: Broach A/M opening Rs. 274, highest 274, lowest Rs. 265 1/2, closing Rs. 265 1/2. Broach J/A closing Rs. 274 1/4.

LONDON SEEDS

London, Jan 31

Rozario Santa Fe quoted 25/6
South Australian shipment fob parcels Feb quoted 26

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan 31

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers 12

Stream Of Profit Taking In Share Bazar

PRICES DECLINE FROM EARLY RISE

Unfounded Labour Rumours

BOMBAY, February 1.

The local Share Bazar opened firm with a fairly good support but later prices declined on unfounded rumours of Jamshedpur labour regarding wages. There was a stream of profit taking.

After a rapid rise of about Rs. 200 in Tata Steel Defds during the last three days, there appeared certain amount of realising which checked rise and later on in the absence of demand, persistent selling pressure wiped off all early improvement and towards the close, prices declined under the previous close.

It appears that the market is now getting free from nervousness and although fresh incentives are lacking, there is a growing belief that present prices are not high. At the same time those who are carrying speculative purchases are tempted to liquidate after their experience of huge drop during the early part of the week. Thus speculative interest is being reduced as a result of covering on declines and liquidating an upswings.

Support for Steels influenced the remainder of the Stock market but with industrial news not providing any incentive, trading turned sluggish with leadership lacking and activity confined to a handful of low priced issues with movements mostly of minor fractions either way, Wall Street market closed irregular. U. S. Steel shares declined 5/8 at 56 5/8. General Motors declined 1/4 at 52 1/2 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 3/8 down at 26 1/2 dollars.

The local market opened fairly steady and improved a few points but later on there was fairly active realising which resulted in a sagging tendency and prices declined rapidly below last closing levels. Towards the close there was scattered covering and the tone of the market was barely steady.

The recent rapid rally in the share bazar so far remains but a natural recovery after a big drop. It is difficult to form any responsible opinion at present in view of Budget and losses sustained by bulls. There had been extensive unloading and even some forced selling which brought down prices in a buying zone but it takes sometime to restore confidence and create robust optimistic feeling. Thus the market is still subject to active fluctuations on either side and it will be advisable to build up a constructive interest on sharp drops which are not unlikely in the present state of the market.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2017 and advanced to Rs. 2025 and later after declining to Rs. 1965 closed at Rs. 1977. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 379 and declined to Rs. 373. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 960 and declined to Rs. 935. Century Mills opened at Rs. 315 and after advancing to Rs. 320 declined to Rs. 312. Central India Mills closed at Rs. 302 after opening at Rs. 311. Associated Cement shares were quiet at Rs. 119 3/4. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 582 and after declining to Rs. 570 closed at Rs. 576. Bombay Steams opened at Rs. 296 but later on eased to Rs. 290.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Feb. 1.

100	Ahmedabad Advance ...	350 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	935 0
100	CENTURY	312 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	302 0
100	COLABA	150 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Feb 1

Bombay Dyeing (945) 960 947 955 940 942 935

Century (316) 315 320 315 312 313 312
Central India (310) 314 311 312 308 306 302
Kohinoor (360) 363 359 364 354 352
New Great (380) 385 378 372 370 368
Simplex (109) 110 109 110 106 105/8
Swadeshi (280) 287 281 283 277 278 276
Associated Cement (120/4) 120/8 119/12 120 119/12
Andhra (1470) 1470
Tram Ord (129/12 129/8
Tata Hydro (155) 155
Tata Power (1327/8) 1325 1335 1325 1327 1325
T Steel Defd (1995) 2017 2025 2007 1997 2015 1965 1982 1975 1977
T Steel Ord (376/8) 379 376 379 372 374 373
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (136/8) 136/8 136/4
Bellapur (227/8) 225 227 226/8 225
B Steam (296) 296 295 290
B Burma (572/8) 582 577 580 573 576 570 572 576

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Feb 1

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 90/11; 4 per cent 1960/70 106/2; 5 per cent 1945/55 110/9

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 100; Bank of Hindusthan 22/12; Bank of India 138/8; Central Bank 34; Imperial Bank F P 1475; Imperial Bank P P 362/8; Indian Overseas Bank 46/8; Reserve Bank 104/4; Union Bank 5/11/6

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles 470; Ambica 257/8; Arun 225; Arvind 1325; Asok 220; Bharatkhand Textiles 2300; Bombay Dyeing 936/4; Buckingham and Carnatics 199; Calico 720; Central India 301/14; Century 311/14; Colaba 150; Elgin 155/10; Gokak 178/2; Hukumchand 165/10; Indore Malwa 55; Jubilee 260; Khatau Makanji 141/4; Kohinoor 352/8; Laxmi Cotton 535; Madhusudan 200; Marsden 100; Morarji 176; Mysore 102/8; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 368/2; Raipur 700; Rajnagar 160; Sajjan 97/8; Swadeshi and Alliance 88/4; Sholapur 4375; Simplex 105/10; Swadeshi 276/4; Vishnu 1395

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord 1470; Tata Hydro Ord 155; Tata Power Ord 1325

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 145/10; Ajmer Electrics 10/10; Amalgamated 10/12; Bombay Suburban 165; Bombay Tram 129/6; Lahore Electrics 225; Surat Electrics 170

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 487/8; Associated Cements 119/12; Belapur 225; Bombay Burma New 188/12; Bombay Burma Old 676/4; Bombay Steam 290; Bombay Telephone 84; Br. B. Petrol 4/14; Burma Corporation 6/10; Dalmia Cement 9/12; Indian Bleaching 110; Industrial Investment Tr 46; Indian Radio Ord 485; Indian Radio Defd 475; Indian Copper 2/6; Indian Iron 36/10; Mysore sugar 43/6; Port Canning 73; Premier Construction 79/8; Rohtas Industries 21; Scindia Steam 21/10; Shivrajpur 45/8; Steel Corp. of Bengal 19/14; Tata Oil 49; Tata Steel Ordy 373; Tata Steel Defd 1977/8

JUTES

Birla Jute 22/4; Howrah 54/4; Hukumchand 7/5; Kamarhatty 516; Kanknarrah 415; Lawrence 420; Reliance 68/8

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan 31

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Pow. and Lt. 5 per cent Pfd ...	46
Elec Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd ...	30 1/4
Electric Bond and Share Common ...	6 3/4
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	67
Columbia Gas and Electric	6 1/8
Int Tel and Tel (Foreign)	4
Amr Tel and Tel	170 5/8
Sun Life of Canada	285
Union Pacific	93 7/8
Western Union Telegraph	22 5/8
New York Central R R	15 7/8
Great Northern Pfd	23 1/2
Union Carbon and Carbide	80
Amrex Corporation	15 7/8
United States Steel	56 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	72 7/8
Crucible Steel	36 1/4
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	20
Republic Steel	19 3/8
Chrysler Motors	82 1/2
General Motors	62 1/2
General Electric	37 7/8
Socony	11 1/8
Consolidated Oil	7
Texas Corporation	42 1/8
Int Nickel of Canada	35 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	26 1/8
Chase National Bank	34 1/8
National City Bank of New York ...	29

Turnover 610,000 shares. Present prices equities largely discount war and political uncertainties scaledown purchases justified.

BANKS

100	Coorla	120 0
250	David	40 0
250	Dawn	390 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0-7-3
100	FINLAY	154 0
100	GOKAK	178 0
1000	Hindustan	2000 0
100	Indore	49 0
100	Khatau	132 8
100	KOHINOOR	352 0
250	Laxmi	535 0
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	178 0
250	Model	90 0
50	MYSORE	103 0
200	NEW GREAT	368 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	SASSOON SILK	86 0
1000	Sholapur	4225 0
50	SIMPLEX	105 0
100	SWADESHI	276 0
100	SWAN	144 0
500	Vishnu	1380 0
1000	Western	950 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	100 0
25-50	CENTRAL	34 0
500	Imperial	1475 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	382 8
50-100	India	138 8
100	Reserve Bank	104 4
5	Union	5 12

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	119 12

INSURANCE

100	Empire	630 0
15-100	Jupiter	9 8
20	Mercantile	49 0
15-75	New India	36 0
200	Oriental	4145 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 0

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	145 10
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1470 0
10	Ajmer	10 10
50	BOMBAY TRAM	129 8
100	Bombay Suburban	165 0
10	Broach	11 8
100	Karachi	182 8
100	Poona	185 0
100	Surat	160 0
100	TATA HYDRO	155 0
1000	TATA POWER ...	1325 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	990 0
100	C. Province	100 12
100

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON ELEVEN POINTS UP

Silver Prices Give Way Under Scattered Selling

GOLD ADVANCES ON GOOD SUPPORT

Broach Steady

Bombay: Feb. 1.

The New York Cotton exhibited improved sentiment following the strength of Overseas markets, but prices subsequently eased under increased offerings.

London Stock Exchange was quietly steady. Gilt-edged securities were in fair request. The Sterling Loan improved by 5 shillings.

In the local Silver Market support was lacking with the result that prices gave way steadily under small selling orders.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1940

New York: Feb. 1.

Previous closing	10.65
To-day's opening	10.70
Difference	+5
To-day's closing	10.76
Difference	+11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1940

Liverpool: Feb. 1.

Previous closing	7.80
To-day's opening	7.86
Difference	+6
To-day's closing	7.89
Difference	+9

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 269/0
Broach July/August ..... Rs. 276/8

N. Y COTTON MARKET

New York: Feb. 1.

The trading in March began at 10.70, i.e. 5 points higher than the last closing.

Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade and local support, but later liquidation and New Orleans selling appeared with March receding to 10.66.

BOMBAY COTTON
Late Trading

Bombay: Feb. 1.

Broach opened to-night at Rs 264 and declined to Rs. 263, but then sharply recovered to Rs. 268/8. The market closed steady at Rs. 267/8.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Feb. 1.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange —

March	(10.73/73) 10.70/70
May	(10.44/44) 10.40/39
July	(10.13/10) 10.03/03

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool: Feb. 1.

American March	(8.00) 7.80
American May	(7.99) 7.80
Giza March	(10.22) 10.14
Giza May	(10.37) 10.28

LONDON COMMODITIES

London: Feb. 1.

SEEDS

Castorseeds February March (£21 1/2 quoted) £21 1/4 quoted

Linseed Bombay/Calcutta February/March (£19 3/4 quoted) £19 1/2 quoted

Linseed La Plata February (£15 7/16 quoted) £15 7/16 quoted.

Groundnuts Coromandal February March (£14 3/4 quoted) £14 3/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee February (£49) £49

Lightning February (£46 1/2) £46

RUBBER

Spot (11 15/16d paid and value) 11 15/16d paid and value.

Forward April/June (11 13/16d paid and value) 11 3/4d paid and buyers

METALS

Tin (£237 1/2 buyers; £237 3/4 sellers. Quiet). £236 1/2 buyers; £236 3/4 sellers. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 3 (111 sh.) 111 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: Feb. 1.

Previous closing	3.99 3/8
To-day's opening	3.99 1/4

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: Feb. 1.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T T LONDON ON PARIS

London: Feb. 1.

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: Feb. 1.

The following cable regarding London Silver Market was received here to-day:—

Little speculative buying. Small offerings. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: Feb. 1.

Spot (21 3/8d) 21 3/4d +3/8

Forward (21 3/8d) 21 11/16d +5/16

LONDON GOLD

London: Feb. 1.

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Feb. 1.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

Franc was officially fixed at 176.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1/6

Paris on Bombay (13.24 5/8) 13.24 5/8

New York on Bombay (30.25) 30.25

London on Milan (78.75) 78.75

London on Shanghai (0/4 7/16 to 0/4 7/8) 0/4 3/8 to 0/4 13/16

London Kobe (1/2 1/16 to 1/2 5/32) 1/2 1/16 to 1/2 5/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent.

4 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent.

6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: Feb. 1.

The following are the opening quotations

General Motors (dol 52 3/4) dol 52 1/2

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27) dol 26 5/8

U S Steel Common (dol 57 3/8) dol 56 5/8

U S Steel Pref (unquoted) unquoted

WHEAT AND SEEDS
Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: Feb. 1.

Wheat May	4 5 9
Linseed May	7 7 6
Groundnuts February	36 13 0
Groundnuts May	40 3 6
Castorseeds May	52 4 0
Cottonseeds May	26 7 6

BOMBAY BULLION
Latest Quotations

Bombay: Feb. 1.

Silver Ready	55 12 0
Silver Mahs	56 8 0
Silver Fagan	57 0 0
Gold Ready	42 4 9
Gold Maha	42 6 0
Gold Fagan	42 7 0
Sovereigns	27 2 0

3½ P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: Feb. 1.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £91

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London: Feb. 1.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£95 1/2) £95 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£90 3/4) £91

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£110) £110 1/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£111) £111

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£107) £107

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/58 (£101) £101

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 1/2) £74 3/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100) £100 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 7/8) £101

4 per cent Funding Loan (£111 3/4) £111 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99) £99

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 3/4) £110 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-6) 11-6

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (52-0) 51-9

Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/8) dol 3 1/8

Electric Music Industry (8-4 1/2) 8-3

Princhin Johnson (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (30-7 1/2) 30-9

Tootal Broadhurst Lee Co Ordinary (60-9) 60-9

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£35 1/2) £36

Dunlop Rubber (29-1 1/2) 29-3

Unilever Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 29-3

Ford Motors (15-9) 15-9

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£61) £60

British American Tobacco Ordinary (102-6) 103-1 1/2

Carreras A (£5 7/8) £5 7/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (120-0) 120

P and O Def. (19-6) 19-0

Distillers (68-3) 68-0

Bredfords Dye (6-6) 6-6

British Celanese (6-9) 6-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (34-3) 33-7 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (34-10 1/2) 34-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-0) 6-0

Vickers Limited Ordinary (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2

Inter Nickels (dol 46 1/4) dol 46 3/8

Indian Iron (53-9) 52-6

TEA SHARES

Assam (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

Donaro Tea (31-3) 31-3

Empire of India (23-1 1/2) 22-9

JUTE-

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-0) 24-0

Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3

Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (33-3) 33-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (36-3) 35-7 1/2

Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-6

Rio Tintos (£15) £15

East Rand Properties (47-6) 47-6

Rand Mines (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£14 1/8) £14

Associated Portland Cement (48-9) 48-9

Trinidad Leasehold (71-3) 71-3

Sub Nigel (£9 3/4) £9 3/4

Spring Mines Split Shares (25-0) 25-0

Union Corporation (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

Anglo Iranian (56-10 1/2) 56-3

Burma Oil (66-3) 66-10 1/2

Mexican Eagle (5-10 1/2) 5-10 1/2

Shell Transport (78-1 1/2) 78-1 1/2

Royal Dutch (£33 1/8) £33 1/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£39 1/4) £40 1/2

London Midland Ordinary (£14 1/2) £15

London North Eastern Def. (£2 3/8) £2 3/8

London Southern Def (£13 1/2) £14

London Transport 5 per cent (F117) £117 1/2

London Transport "C" (£65) £65

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb 1

Following a decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 266 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened at Rs. 265/8 and advanced to Rs. 271/8 on active buying by Calcutta operators. As soon as the demand was satisfied later on there developed active selling by local operators among which share bazar dealers figured prominently and prices collapsed to Rs. 263/8. At this level there was scattered buying and prices improved to Rs. 266/8. It appears that confidence is returning and after the recent heavy liquidation the technical position has improved. However, there is a keen fight among bulls and bears to scarce supremacy. The statistical outlook favours bulls while heavy arrivals and marketing encourages bears to pursue their policy of short sales. Thus the market is subject to active and wide fluctuations.

Later on there was increased buying and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 268/8. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 6 points and Broach was quoted at Rs. 268.

Later on the market declined on increased selling as Liverpool was one point down. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach:—

April/May	Rs.	263 12 0
July/August		272 4 0

Fine M G Oomra:—

March		234 12 0
May		238 0 0

F G M G Bengal:—

March		195 0 0
May		198 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Feb 1

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		204	202	199	196
M G Punjab		204	202	199	196
M G Rajputana		213	211	208	205
M G Oomra No. 3	245	243	240	237	
M G C. P. No. 1	260	258	255	252	
M G C. P. No. 2	251	249	246	243	
M G Broach No. 2		271	269	266	263

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Feb 1

Bengal Fine	202-03
Punjab Fine	197 99
C. P. 1	251 53
C. P. 2	242-43
Berar	236-37
Khandesh	223-27
Jalna Sailu	227-30
Ahmednagar	237-29
Broach	259-61
Punjab 4 F.	269-76
Punjab 289 F.	299-306
Sindh N. T.	289 94

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Feb 1

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Yester day	This year.	Since 1st Sept Last year.
Khandesh	1,019	46,816	30,317
Central India	1,805	54,707	147,395
Hyderabad Gaorani	171	37,876	3,921
Berar	4,757	307,891	91,270
Central Provinces	1,714	50,288	22,955
Total Oomras	10,636	488,435	337,808
Dholera	864	28,006	89,786
N W Provinces	93	21,315	1,794
Rajputana	180	22,574	31,661
Sind Punjab	5,153	263,420	214,757
Broach	4,268	17,327	16,803
Coompta and Dharwar		14,530	13,947
Westerns Northerns		15,674	17,420
Coconanada		50	6
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,309	2,540
American		2,229	1,693
Egyptian, African and Sudan	3,412	182,569	148,138
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,909	7
Total	24,606	1,039,344	876,360
Arrived by road to 25th January 1940		100,000	

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 25th Jan.

In full-pressed bales	Yester day.	This year.	Last year.
Total	3,040	436,329	569,395

American Cotton Figures

F F Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 31-1-40	5745000	3252000
Receipts yesterday 31-1-40	28000	5000
Exports to date 31-1-40	4139000	2324000
Stock at Ports 26-1-40	3185000	2823000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-1-40	3067000	3288000
Stock at Liverpool 26-1-40	.....	1045000
Visible supply 26/1/1940	.....	7320000
Quantity in sight 26-1-40	10467000	7536000
Quantity out of sight 26-1-40	.....	5851000

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET.

AHMEDABAD: Feb. 1.

The following are closing quotations:—

Calico 732; Ambica 263/8; Gujarat Cotton 14; Jubilee 266; Jupiter 121; Motilal Hirabhai 26; Marsden 103/8; Monograme 53/8; Ordinary 374/8.

GROUNDNUT AND SEEDS

Bombay, Feb 1

Castorseeds May:—		
Opening	Rs.	53 0 0
Highest		53 4 0
Lowest		51 4 0
Closing		52 0 0
Groundnuts February:—		
Opening		37 4 0
Highest		37 5 0
Lowest		36 11 0
Closing		36 13 0
Groundnuts May:—		
Opening		40 11 0
Highest		40 12 0
Lowest		40 0 5
Closing		40 3 6
Cottonseeds May:—		
Opening		26 11 0
Highest		26 12 0
Lowest		26 6 6
Closing		26 6 6

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay, Feb 1

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.).

	Rs.	a.	p.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy	88	0	0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy	91	8	0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15th per candy	96	8	0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	100	0	0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per candy	11	8	0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt	16	8	0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	18	8	0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt.	17	8	0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15th per cwt.	19	0	0

SUGAR STATISTICS.

The following is issued by the Indian Sugar Syndicate Ltd., Calcutta, for general information.

The Statistical position of Members' sugars as at 20th January, 1940, is as follows:—

	Mds.
The total Manufacture from the start of the season to 20th January, 1940, is	79,56,405
The total sales of sugar upto 20th January, 1940, amount to	73,49,430
The quantity remaining undelivered out of the above sales is estimated at	4,94,785
The Unsold Stock of sugar left with all the members shows a balance of	47,63,843
The Physical Stock of all the Member factories which includes the unsold stocks and the undelivered portion of the sales already made is	95,38,869

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA: Feb. 1.

Jutes ruled steady to-day and moderate business was put through. Coals ruled quiet but steady. Teas were neglected. Miscellaneous speculative issues opened steady but receded slightly as the day progressed due to profit-taking, but again finished steadier towards the close. Government securities were steady.

Following are the closing quotations:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent loan 1961/54 94/8 s odd lot; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 90/6; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 100/10; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 105/12; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 110/6; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 101/11; 3 per cent U P Bonds 1952 94/1.

BANK: Reserve Bank 101/8 ex-div.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 5/14; Kesoram 5/12.

COALS: Amalgamated 29; Bhalgora 5/12; Dhemo Main 16/8; Equitable 38; Mundulpoor 9/13; Seebpore 23/8; Prem Talcher 1/15; Bengal 369; Burrakur 14.

JUTES: Adamjee 24/4; Agarpara 26; Albion 251/8 s lot; Anglo-India 388; Auckland 228; Alliance 269; s lot; Bally 227; Barnagore 130/8; Birla 21/12; Budge-Budge 343/8; Champdany 185; Ganges 322; Howrah 54/10; Hukumchand 7/8; Kamarhatty 515; Kankinarrah 412; Nuddea 61/12; Presidency 5/10; Union 448.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corporation 6/11; Tavoy Tin 1/15; Dalmia Cement ord 9 s odd lot; Indian Iron and Steel 36/6; Steel Corporation 20/2; B I Corporation ord 4/1; Calcutta Trams ord 16/8; Mysore Paper 12/4; Titaghur Paper 'A' and 'B' ordy 29/10; Titaghur Paper 2nd Pref 107.

SUGAR SHARES: Carew and Co ord 11/12, Samastipore 8/8.

DEBENTURES: 5 per cent 1957/87 Calcutta Port Trust Debs 110/12; 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 95/2.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI: Feb. 1.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind March 26/5; Punjab March 20/14; 4-F March 29/3. Tone:—Steady.

Wheat March 29/12/9; July 30/15/9. Tone:—Steady.

Gram July 32/6.

Toria Feb. 44/14/6; March 46.

Cottonseed March 23/9/3; May 23/15/9.

HUGE INCREASE IN AMERICAN TRADE

LONDON, Jan. 31.

The Department of Commerce states that exports in December were 368 million dollars, which exceed imports by 121 million. This is the largest margin recorded in the last ten years.

Exports in 1939 totalled 3,177 million-dollars and imports 2318 million.

Since January 9 exports to Canada have increased by 43 per cent. to Scandinavian countries 76 per cent. and to Latin American countries 42 per cent During the same period exports to the United Kingdom had decreased.—Reuter

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, Feb 1

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	55 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	75 0 0

Tone:—Steady.

Imperial Bank Of India

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 26th January, 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,50,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		87,88,63,000
Loans against Securities per contra		.....
Acceptances for Constituents		1,15,000
Sundries		44,68,000
	Rupees	99,86,96,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	36,42,80,000	
Other Authorised Investments	96,91,000	37,39,71,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	9,54,11,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	32,28,11,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,71,27,000	46,53,49,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		1,15,000
Dead Stock		1,86,23,000
Sundries		50,76,000
Bullion		.....
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	10,33,33,000	
Balances with other Banks	2,92,29,000	13,25,62,000

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb 1

Yarn No. 6 1/2s June 144	February	140	April	142
Yarn No. 10 1/2s June 153	February	156	April	160
Yarn No. 20 1/2s June 224	February	214	April	220
Yarn No. 40s June 292	February	287	April	290

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Feb 1

Linseed	4,846	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	1,063	cwts.
Gingellyseed	300	cwts.
Groundnuts	18,358	cwts.
Castorseed	2,027	cwts.
Myrabollams	14,528	cwts.
Barsi and Nagar	1,130 90,857	41,950
Cottonseed	23,058	cwts.
Mowraseed	358	cwts.
Indian sugar	12,113	cwts.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVAL

Bombay: Feb. 1.

Volkart Bros. Dutch s s Bloemfontein of 6160 reg tons, Capt M J H G Corten, arrived from Sourabaya with general cargo.

SAILED

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Anyo Maru of 5741 reg tons, Capt S Simizu, sailed for Karachi with general cargo.

F F Campbell and Coy's American s s President Hayes of 6505 reg tons, Capt H S Bauer, sailed for Boston with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading on 1/2/1940:—

Norwegian s s Tarn.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 1.

100 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 700 bales raw cotton G K Kalsha Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton H Nensey and Co; 400 bales raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 100 bales raw cotton Hansraj and Co; 300 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd; 1250 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 50 bls raw cotton L Ramji and Co; 200 bales raw cotton K M Nathoo; 125 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Chachaty and Thackersey Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 600 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 400 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 400 bags soap stone powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 767 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 100 bls cotton fly Barot Bros and Co; 380 bales cotton twist waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 229 bales cotton fly Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 310 bags myrabollam P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 1000 bags groundnut oil cake meal K Prasad and Co Ltd; 7 cases brassware The American Express Co; 31 tons scrap iron G Gabriel; 100 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co; 155 bales cotton twist waste Jani and Co; 893 bags myrabollams K Tricamji; 1130 bags groundnut oil cake meal H Rawjee and Co; 1282 bags groundnut oil cake exp H Rawjee and Co; 28 bags linseeds G Gokalchand; 10 cases cardamoms A P Gupta; 4523 bags gsoundnut oil cake meal The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 1.

453 cases cotton piecegoods; 492 cases toilet soap; 100 drums pyroliguite of iron; 58 bales cotton fents; 82 crates canned bristling; 206 loose steel tyres; 300 kegs hydrosulphite of soda; 272 cases machinery; 100 D/bags sulphate of alumina; 50 casks Glucose; 164 cases window glass; 50 cases orange squash; 58 bales cotton yarn; 17 unpacked motor cars; 70 cases preserves; 112 cases writing ink; 285 bags betelnuts; 47 cases hams in tins; 40 bales wool tops; 75 drums sodium sulphide; 100 drums sodium sulphate; 208 cases electric wires and cables; 146 cases jaggery; 293 bundles copper rods; 40 casks dry colour; 182 cases Glucose; 55 D/bags steel rivets; 140 kegs wire nails; 67 cases toilet powder; 250 kollies hooka shells; 176 bundles steel conduit tubes; 53 drums dyestuffs; 80 cases book paper; 56 packages San earthenware; 1028 cases wire nails; 59 cases motor car accumulators; 144 bundles copper sheets; 90 cases Schnapps; 2515 bundles steel baling hoops; 1567 drums caustic soda; 325 cases cheese; 197 bags black pepper; 350 bundles galvanised wire; 284 drums chloride of zinc; 704 bundles coir rope; 63 cases ghee; 141 cylinders liquid chlorine; 50 bundles copper wire; 145 bundles coir yarn; 5170 bags soda ash; 582 bags cocoanuts; 1440 packages bicarb soda; 40 cases sauce; 181 bundles steel bars; 63 cases cone yarn; 43 c/s electrodes; 2146 bales cotton; 623 bags groundnut kernals; 900 coils baling wire; 3444 loose tiles; 205 bags bright weighing hinges; 1500 bags sulphate of ammonia; 340 casks ammonia chloride; 130 bdls M S gate channels; 314 bundles M S angles; 90 bdls M S Tees; 1340 bundles M S circles; 7428 bundles M S Hoops; 1297 bundles hoops; 50 cases earthenware; 167 bags tee hinges; 50 bags steel hinges; 160 cases sheet glass; 117 bales paper; 114 crates marbles; 2339 pieces marbles; 100 crates black marble tiles; 1500 bags lithopone; 300 packages chicory; 90 c/s silvered plate glass; 101 barrels earth colours; 300 cases cut tacks; 50 cases safety fuse; 50 bags stearine; 40 cases gelatine; 61 cases iron wood screws; 136 cases safety cartridges; 78 loose rough M slabs; 99 bundles bars; 400 loose bars; 782 bales strawboards; 100 cases condensed milk; 75 cases iron hinges.

TWO CRORES OF RUPEES CHANGE HANDS IN COTTON MARKET.

Oomra Crop Marke.ed

Messrs. P. Chrysler and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

During the past week the New York market has again been under the influence of what has been happening in Bombay, from which market a considerable number of liquidating selling orders have been sent. In view of the relatively small interest now open in New York that market has with stood this selling without much loss in price. This is not surprising for the American market is in a healthier condition than has been the case for a long time. This is due to the large internal consumption plus the large exports already completed or still on exporters' books. The Export Subsidy Plan has been so successful that it was announced two days ago that it had now been suspended for the balance of this season. Export Sales under the scheme have totalled no less than 5,881,000 bales of raw cotton plus the equivalent of 333,000 bales of cotton products. From this it does not necessarily follow that there will be no further export sales during the second half of the cotton season, but future sales must be on a small scale for furtner supplies will only become available if and when the price advances to allow more repossessions from the Loan. When the selling from India dries up, we look for a renewed advance in New York due to a scarcity of contracts. The Liverpool position is more difficult to assess. Lancashire Mills are busier than has been the case for many years, but on the other hand plentiful supplies seem to be heading for that market, and for the time being there seems to be less fear of a weakening of the pound sterling in relation to the American dollar.

LOCAL SITUATION

In Bombay we have had a most erratic market. The spectacular fall in prices has been a distinct strain on the financial resources of many cotton firms, but it must be a great satisfaction to those in control of our Association that this week's record cash settlement of nearly two crores of rupees has gone through without any serious failures. Liquidation has been on a very large scale, any many weak bull accounts have been got rid of. Prices are now on a more reasonable level and the position must now be much healthier, especially as we are now on a better parity than has been ruling for most of the season to date Export demand is at last reviving and a moderate business chiefly in Karachi styles has been reported during the last few days. Local mills do not yet report any improvement in the demand for cloth and yarn, but this is not surprising in view of the shaky cotton market which we have had. A steadier cotton market would probably bring out demand for manufactured goods. However, we do not yet look for any spectacular recovery in the price level in Bombay. While most of the Oomra crop has now been marketed, most of the Broach crop has still to be taken care of. Much of this cotton does not find favour with consumers owing to unsatisfactory staple, and the Bombay market will have to face further hedge selling for at least another month. Traders with bullish tendencies should, therefore, act with caution, for whilst we look for higher prices later in the season, temporary declines are more than probable during the next month or two. When a market has been out of parity so long as has been the Bombay market this season, it usually follows that our prices have to decline to a subnormal parity to attract sufficient export business to develop a really healthy position.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Feb 1

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—			
Ready (small grain)	Rs.	18	1 0
Ready (large grain)		18	3 0
Shipment December F B H		9	0 0
Shipment January F B H		9	1 0
Shipment February F B H		9	3 0
Shipment March F B H		9	9 0
Indian sugars ready:—			
Ready (ordinary)		17	10 0
	to	17	14 0
Ready (large grain)		18	0 0
	to	18	6 0

Tone:—Quiet.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 31

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£65
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£77 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£111 3/4
Victory bonds	£110 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£8 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	£87 1/2
National Bank of India	£30 1/4

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.

London, Jan 31

3 per cent	77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	90 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/89	101
4 per cent 1948/53	105 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	111
5 per cent 1942/47	107
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	74 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War loan	99
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	111 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	53/9

INDIANS OVERSEAS

A. I. C. C. Foreign Dept. To Be Kept Informed

Sjt. Dharam Yash Dev, Secretary, Indians Overseas Department, All-India Congress Committee in an appeal to "Our Countrymen Abroad", states:—

For a number of years the Indian National Congress has passed resolutions expressing its sympathy with the hundreds and thousands of our compatriots living in foreign lands. The Congress 'is' deeply concerned with their rapidly deteriorating status and position in various parts of the Empire and elsewhere. The Congress has, from time to time, sent greetings and messages to all Indian Nationals abroad engaged in their just struggle for the assertion of their legitimate civic and political rights, and the Congress has always assured its fellow-countrymen overseas of its full sympathy and help and its readiness to take all actions within its power to ameliorate their condition. Unfortunately, for want of correct information and adequate data and also because of its preoccupation at home with the bigger problem of India's fight for freedom, the Congress, so far, has been unable to do much for Indians living outside India. Only a free India can hope to protect and safeguard the interests of Indians residing abroad!

MAINTAIN REGULAR CONTACTS

But the Indian National Congress is anxious to maintain regular contacts with each and every Indian society and organisation in every part of the world and keep the general public in India informed of their problems, grievances and joys and sorrows. For this our Indians Overseas department needs your help and co-operation.

From time to time a few letters and reports from our friends abroad—individuals and groups—have been received by the A.I.C.C. Office. But we shall feel grateful if you will please keep us posted regularly with up-to-date details and particulars of your work and activities, and also useful information about various other Indian societies, clubs, political and cultural groups and any other organisations of Indians in your part of the world.

Any information, any facts and figures, any news and data concerning our countrymen abroad, however "trivial and insignificant" these facts may appear to be, shall be gratefully received by this office.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 31

T T London on:—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Paris	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
Madrid	39.00
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Amsterdam	7.53/7.58
Brussels	23.65/23.80
Milan	78.75
Berne	17.85/17.96
Copenhagen	20.56
Stockholm	16.85/16.98
Oslo	17.68/17.78

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 26th Jan. 1940:—

	Rs.
1. DEMAND LIABILITIES:	
(a) In India	139,05,49,000
(b) In Burma	7,37,33,000
2. TIME LIABILITIES:	
(a) In India	104,08,50,000
(b) In Burma	3,80,74,000
3. CASH:	
i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes:	
(a) In India	6,01,63,000
(b) In Burma	79,000
ii. Burma Notes:	
(a) In India	24,000
(b) In Burma	22,31,000
iii. Rupee Coin:	
(a) In India	61,71,000
(b) In Burma	1,28,000
iv. Subsidiary Coin:	
(a) In India	24,94,000
(b) In Burma	61,000
4. BALANCES with Reserve Bank	18,89,69,000
5. ADVANCES:	
(a) In India	145,61,87,000
(b) In Burma	4,54,68,000
6. BILLS DISCOUNTED:	
(a) In India	4,59,04,000
(b) In Burma	27,11,000

Comparative statement of the position of Scheduled Banks:—

(In thousands of Rupees)

	26/1/1940	19/1/1940	27/1/1939	1/9/1939
1. Demand liabilities in India and Burma	146,42,82 (7,37,33)	146,00,82 (7,35,37)	128,93,52 (6,25,62)	141,39,78 (7,03,29)
2. Time liabilities in India & Burma	107,89,24 (3,80,74)	107,22,95 (3,78,12)	108 50,47 (4,39,56)	106,46,46 (4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India & Burma	7,13,81 (24,99)	6,83,54 (21,40)	5,98,82 (18,75)	7,29,82 (59,37)
4. Balances with Re

2ND WEEK!

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

WHICH DID HE DESIRE MORE... HER KINGDOM...OR HER KISSES?

BETTE DAVIS
ERROL FLYNN

Directed by MICHAEL CURTIZ
A WARNER BROS. Picture

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

VIVEKANANDA'S BIRTHDAY

Celebrations In City And Suburbs

The 78th birthday anniversary of Swami Vivekananda will be celebrated in the city of Bombay at the Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad will preside.

Opening song by Mr. S. H. Ghosh and Miss Protima Mitra. Music Sitar by Prof. S. G. Mohiddin of Dacca (Bengal). Tabla by Chandrakant S. Naik. Clarionet by Haripada Mukherjee of Howrah.

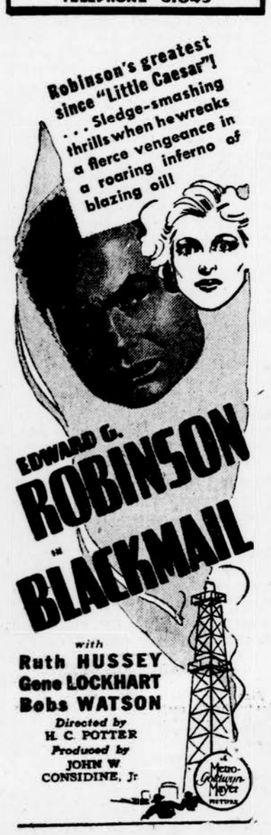
Justice H. V. Divatia, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Dr. Irach J. S. Taraporevalla, Principal M. S. Athorman, Mr. M. C. Chagla, Dr. Peter Boike and Mr. F. J. Ginwalla will speak.

AT KHAR

Sunday (4th inst.) at Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar: 7 to 9 a.m. Usha Kirtan, Vedic Chants and music. 9 to 11 a.m. Bhajans. 11 a.m. to 2 p.m Feeding of the "Daridra Narayanas." 3 to 4 p.m. Music by Satya Sangit Samaj, Khar. 4 to 5 p.m. Jnaneswari by Saint Dada Maharaj. 5 to 7-30 p.m. Song, skit in English and Garba by Santa Cruz children and devotional song by Mrs. Frenny H. Cama.

Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta, B. G. Kher, J. K. Mehta and Prof. V. G. Rao and others will speak.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045



BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 9, 1996
Muslim: Jilhaj 22, 1358
Parsi: Amardad 30, 1309
Hightide: 6-16; 20-16
Lowtide: 0-33; 13-16
Sunrise: 7h. 14m.
Sunset: 6h. 32m.

BYCULLA CONGRESS

An urgent meeting of the Managing Council of the Byculla District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) sharp in the Committee's office.

BOMBAY ENGINEERING CONGRESS

Lt. Coverdale-Smith will give a talk on "The Training of Naval Artificers" at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Friday) in the Conference Hall, Electric House.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Mr. Pandia will take his second lecture on "Journalism and the Civil Law" to-day (Friday) in the University, South Wing, at 6-30 p.m.

PARLE LOKAMANYA SEVA SANGH

Prof. N. K. Phatak will deliver a public address in Marathi on Constituent Assembly in the Hall of the Sangh, to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m.

GHATKOPAR TALUKA CONGRESS

The annual general meeting of the Ghatkopar Taluka Congress Committee will be held on Sunday (4th inst.) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the office of the Committee.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 19, to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at Kermani Market (Junction of Arthur Road and De Lisle Road), and go round with them in the Ward.

SEND-OFF TO BATLIWALA

A public meeting of all the Hospital employees will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. in the open maidan, opp. Bhoiwada Police Station, Naigaon, to give a "send-off" to Mr. S. S. Batliwala, Vice-President, who is leaving for Calcutta to serve his sentence. Mr. Randive will preside.

CHIKITSAKA SAMUHA SCHOOL'S PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

The prize distribution of the Chikitsaka Samuha Shirolkar High School and Potdar Primary School will be held at the School Wagle Memorial Hall, Kandewadi, to-day (Friday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. V. D. Ghate will preside and Mrs. Vatsalabai Ghate will give away the prizes.

TRIPURI CONGRESS FILMS

Under the joint auspices of the Vile Parle Congress Committee and the Vile Parle Adult Education Association Tripuri Congress and other films will be shown to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. at Shraddhanand Nivas (Harijan Quarters), Shraddhanand Road in East Vile Parle.

EXHIBITION OF LELE'S ART WORKS

An exhibition has been opened of Lele's Wax Works, including Liberation of Vasudev Devaki; Usha in Dream; Mahatma Gandhi's Operation; Temple of Shree Gopal Krishna; Vishwamitra Menaka; Lokmanya Tilak and others at C. P. Tank near Madhav baug. The time is 3 to 11 p.m. daily.

"CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME" AND "INDEPENDENCE"

Under the auspices of the World Young Men's Association a public debate will take place to-day (Friday), at 8-30 p.m. in B.D. D. Chawl No. 33. The subject of the debate will be "The Constructive Programme" and "Independence." Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel, Messrs. V. B. Karnik, Kalidas Varma, Marathe and others will partake in the debate. Mr. Nimbkar will preside.

"INDIA AND MODERN MOVEMENTS IN ART"

The third lecture of the "Pen-Friend Series of Educational Lectures" will be delivered under the joint auspices of the Nations' League of Pen-Friends and the Youth Lodge, T. S. by Mr. V. R. Amberkar, Chairman, Art Society of India, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Forbes Sabha Hall, near Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Rd.

JAWAHAR TO INAUGURATE

All-Maharashtra Pro Congress Youth Conference

BOMBAY, Feb. 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is understood has accepted the invitation of the All-Maharashtra Pro-Congress Youth Conference to inaugurate its first session on February, 11.

Pandit Nehru is coming to Bombay on February 9, to preside over the meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India States Peoples' Conference.—United Press.

IN AID OF MAHARASHTRA CONGRESS YOUTH CONFERENCE

Arun Pictures' well-known Marathi film "Netaji Palkar" will be screened on Sunday (4th inst.) at 9-30 a.m. at Chitra Talkies, Vincent Road, in aid of the All-Maharashtra Congress Youth Conference, to be held on the 10th inst.

ALL-MAHARASHTRA CONGRESS YOUTH CONFERENCE

The President of the All-Maharashtra Congress Youth Conference will be elected in the meeting of the Reception Committee, which will be held on Sunday (4th inst.)

Proposals for presidentship of the Conference should be sent to the office on or before Saturday (3rd inst.)

Debate On Khadi v. Millcloth

A public debate will be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the South Indian Association, Matunga, when Mr. K. A. Subrahmanyam will move: "This House is of the opinion that hand-spun and hand-woven Khadi industry is economically a feasible and sound proposition and that the economic welfare of the people of India requires the universalisation of Khadi to the exclusion of mill-cloth, indigenous or foreign."

Mr. C. K. Narayana Swami will oppose. Mr. S. R. S. Raghavan will preside.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Tower of London". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Hollywood Cavalcade." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Blackmail." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Private Lives of Elizabeth and Essex." Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Lion Has Wings." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Juarez". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mud". Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST END—"Will". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jawani-Ki-Reet". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ghazi Salahuddin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Achhut". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"My Beloved". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Raja Gopichand". Time as usual.

Mr. G. D. Sutherland who has just retired after serving the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company for over 22 years.

SUTHERLAND RETIRES FROM ORIENTAL'

On the eve of his retirement from the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co., Ltd., which he had served for a period of over 22 years, Mr. G. D. Sutherland was presented with a farewell address by the Officers, Members of the Staff and representatives of the Company. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas presided.

Mr. Sutherland's business career commenced in 1906 in a Scottish Insurance Company. In 1914, on the outbreak of the last war, he joined a Highland Regiment, The Black Watch, and served therein as an Officer until 1917 when he was invalidated out of the Army on account of Trench fever and shell shock.

He then came to India and at that time the Management of the Oriental were on the lookout for the services of an experienced English or Scottish Insurance Assistant. Mr. Sutherland was taken in on the staff of this Company. After a short period of preperation at the Head Office, Mr. Sutherland was appointed to act as Branch Secretary, Rangoon, where he was in charge from 1918 to 1921 and from there he was transferred to take over charge of the Calcutta Branch, where he spent the next two years. In 1923 he was called to the Head Office, where during the next four years, he acted for or assisted some of the Principal Officers of the Company.

As Secretary of the "Oriental," Mr. Sutherland has been responsible for dealing with all staff questions both at the Head Office and at the Branches and for dealing with all questions arising in regard to the Company's properties.

EMOTIONAL LIFE OF CHILDREN

Failure Of Schools To Take Care Of It

An interesting lecture on the influence of schools in the formation of delinquent and criminal tendencies in children, was delivered by Dr. Clifford Manschardt at the University School of Economics this evening. Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor was present and Mr. P. G. Shah, Accountant-General of Bombay presided.

Dr. Manschardt was of ipinion that mass-education very often failed to evoke response from many school-children on account of various factors. The "natural culture" of children was not the study of books but creative and artistic activity conducted in a pleasant atmosphere. That education was no panacea for crime was evidenced by the fact that 93 per cent of the inmates of the Sing-Sing prison were public-school boys of America. Some of the factors which made school-life a torture to many students were unsocial and unkind school-atmosphere, corporal punishment, jealousy of other children, who were financially better circumstanced, ill-health, natural physical defects, want of recognition etc.

When a child clashed with its environment, whether at school or at home, the stream of normal behaviour was obstructed and the child very often sought escape either in day-dreaming or in criminal tendencies, thus trying to regain the recognition which it felt was due to it. The common mistake of schools was that they took cognisance only of a child's intellectual activity but not his emotional life.

The doctor quoted copious instances in which schools and juvenile courts had sent such children to the Child Guidance clinic at Nagpada of which he is the Director, and how these children were restored to the normal.

To tackle this problem seriously he suggested that Child Guidance Clinics should be started in as many places as possible where children could be studied by expert psychologists. It would also be necessary to institute Visiting Teachers who would study the home-influences of abnormal children.

The speaker answered a number of questions raised by teachers and anxious parents, who had come to hear him.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

On Wednesday night was held a mass meeting of the Muslims of Bandra and Suburbs to protest against the showing of the Mecca film at the Novelty Cinema, Bombay, and sharply-worded speeches were made by several speakers. The meeting started at 10-30 p.m. and ended at 1 in the morning.

CITY MUSLIMS PROTEST AGAINST SCREENING OF HAJ FILM

A meeting of Musalmans was held at Mohamadali Road, under the joint auspices of the Jamiat-ui-Ulema Bombay, and the Tablighe Sadaqat to protest against the "Haj Film" shown at the Novelty Talkies Grant Road.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

The Honourable Mr. Justice K. C. Sen, I.C.S., is to be an Additional Judge of the High Court at Bombay, for a further period of one year from the 1st March, 1940.

The Honourable Mr. Justice R. S. Broomfield, I.C.S., Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, is granted leave for two months and six days with effect from the 15th February, 1940.

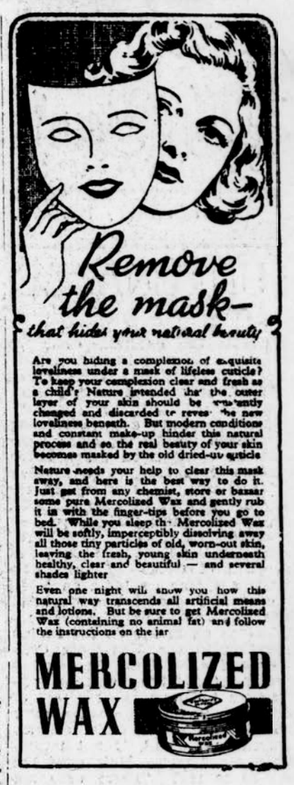
Mr. M. D. Bhansali to be Registrar of Co-operative Societies and Director of Rural Development.

Mr. S. M. Ikram is to be Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

The Governor of Bombay has issued orders to create a temporary appointment of Additional Special Press Adviser for Bombay City with effect from the 8th January, 1940 for a period extending up to the 3rd March, 1940 in the first instance and to appoint Khan Bahadur A. S. Dalal, O.B.E., a retired Superintendent of Excise, to hold it, pending further orders.

Mr. M. R. Dholakia, L.C.E., Senior Assistant to the Consulting Surveyor to the Government of Bombay and Special Land Acquisition Officer, Poona, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the post of Assistant Consulting Surveyor to the Government of Bombay, Bombay, in addition to his own duties, from the 6th January, 1940, to 5th February, 1940, both days inclusive, vice Mr. T. M. Kazi on leave.

Mr. S. L. Chaudhari is to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Remembrancer of Legal Affairs vice Mr. B. G. Murdeshwar, B.A., LL.B., proceeded on leave pending further orders.



Are you hiding a complexion of exquisite loveliness under a mask of lifeless cuticle? To keep your complexion clear and fresh as a child's Nature intended, the outer layer of your skin should be constantly changed and discarded to reveal the new loveliness beneath. But modern conditions and constant make-up hinder this natural process and so the real beauty of your skin becomes masked by the old dried-up cuticle.

Nature needs your help to clear this mask away, and here is the best way to do it. Just get from any chemist, store or bazaar some pure Mercolized Wax and gently rub it in with the finger-tips before you go to bed. While you sleep the Mercolized Wax will be softly, imperceptibly dissolving away all those tiny particles of old, worn-out skin, leaving the fresh, young skin underneath healthy, clear and beautiful — and several shades lighter.

Even one night will show you how this natural way transcends all artificial means and lotions. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions on the jar.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1940.

UNTENABLE OBJECTIONS

The question of Indian independence has naturally come so much to the fore in British politics that hardly a week passes without some prominent British publicist or paper discussing the problem. Quite a large number of British leaders expressed sympathetic opinions on the occasion of the last Independence Day celebrations. We shall notice today two less sympathetic opinions, expressed by two well-known Imperialists, Mr. Ramsay Muir, President of the National Liberal Federation of Great Britain, who made a speech on India on Wednesday at Rochdale, and Mr. L. F. Rushbrook Williams, who has contributed an article on the Indian situation to the *Nineteenth Century and After*. Both these critics contend that the numerous differences in India in respect of race, creed and caste make early self-Government in this country extremely difficult, if not impossible. Mr. Ramsay Muir went so far as to say: "There were not only difficulties of language, outlook, and temperament but also of religion. These difficulties of religion would appear at the last moment to be almost insurmountable although there were hopes that by tolerance and goodwill they could be adjusted. It was difficult to see how it was possible for the caste system among Hindus to be blended into democracy. Progress towards self-government and a true system of democracy could only be realised when outcaste and lower caste people took courage and asserted their own rights for freedom and full liberty, conscious that they had those rights."

Indian Unity

These difficulties have been urged against Indian self-government for generations past but they have not prevented Indians from making common cause and wresting from Britain partial provincial autonomy and a promise to concede full national autonomy at a very early date. If the promise is clarified—that will be done in a few days—to mean that complete self-government will be conceded to India only after the caste system is abolished, the nation will spurn the promise and show once again how it can fight as one man in spite of religious, social and linguistic differences. The fact is that such differences are not peculiar to India and are, as they have been in various countries in the past, quite compatible with nationhood and national freedom, so long as the people are capable of subordinating those differences to the larger interests of the country. India has proved herself so capable and will continue to do so The Congress is universally recognised as the best organised political Party in the country, and at a given signal from its high command all the Congress Cabinets in the country tendered their resignation. Yet the Congress includes in it men of different creeds and castes. They all act as one man for a national purpose and what is true of the Congress is about as true of the country as a whole.

Constituent Assembly

That is precisely why the Congress challenges Britain to convene a Constituent Assembly, offering at the same time to concede to each recognised community safeguards for its minority interests as formulated by itself. The Congress knows that at such an Assembly with such an offer, communal differences are bound to be made up. Mr. Rushbrook Williams contends that the idea of a Constituent Assembly "is abhorrent alike to the Muslim League, the Indian States and the Depressed Classes." We cannot vouch for the present high command of the Muslim League or some of the Harijan leaders. But it is self-evident that every community will like to be represented on a full population basis, especially if the communal interests are to decided not by the majority in the Assemb'y but by the majority in the community concerned. As regards the States, the States people have joined the demand for the Constituent Assembly. The idea of a Constituent Assembly is abhorrent only to those who fear that such an Assembly would explode the pleas of communal differences and would transfer power to the masses.

How To Win The War

By MAJOR C. R. ATTLEE, M.P.
Leader of the Opposition
In British Parliament

In a struggle such as that in which we are engaged, it is essential that we should utilise to the full all our resources. In former times, even in my own memory, war could be carried on without any very drastic changes in the internal economy and organisation of the country. The war effort could largely be divorced from the ordinary functioning of commerce, industry, and government.

The present war, which is the culmination of a process of development towards involving in war the whole resources of any belligerent country, may well mark a decisive turn in world affairs. In order that it may be the last war, it is vital that the forces of reaction and barbarism should be defeated.

The magnitude of the effort required should not be underestimated. We must put forward the maximum effort in our power.

How is this to be done? The answer is by the intelligent employment of all our resources in personnel, material and morale. This applies, not only to the fighting services, but to the civilian part of the population.

I put highest the mobilisation of morale. It is a truism that in war it is the moral factor which counts most. The best equipped troops are useless if their morale is weak. The best fighting forces cannot win if the spirit of the population fails.

It is for this reason that I place high in the order of values the need for a clear definition of the principles of our peace aims. In Oliver Cromwell's phrase, "We want the man who knows what he fights for and loves what he knows." But this affects equally the men in the fighting services, and the men and women serving in non-combatant spheres.

Peace aims include, not only the settlement of international affairs in such a way as to lay the foundations of a just and enduring peace, but the creation in this country of a just social system. We want to have a clear picture, not only of the Europe, but also of the Britain which will emerge at the end of this war.

People will not be content with the vision of a distant utopia; they want to see changes taking place now. War calls for great sacrifices and great endurance. They will be forthcoming provided that equal justice is dealt out to all.

Finally, on the point of morale the spirit of our whole organisation must be democratic, not authoritarian. The national effort must be that of a free people co-operating for a common aim, not of a submissive mass accepting orders from a privileged few. Organised Labour, in particular, must be accorded its full share of authority.

The second point is the organisation of our personnel. The first thing to do is to avoid the tragic waste of unemployment. Every fit person in this country can contribute to the national effort. Every person who is idle or whose energies are misdirected is a positive loss to the country.

In a capitalist State in peacetime no one is employed unless there is a profit to be made out of him. In a Socialist economy, there is no reason why anyone should not be able to find work. In war, it is necessary also to subordinate the profit factor to the nation's needs. Therefore, the fact that there are still unemployed argues a failure of the Government.

Next comes the utilisation of the brains of the nation. There ought in war-time to be no question of privileges. The person most fitted for the position should occupy it, regardless of the claims of social position.

★

War finance means that the direction of a very large proportion of the purchasing power of the nation is in the hands of the Government. It can say effectively what shall and shall not be produced, and what services shall or shall not be rendered. It is its duty to use this power so that first things may come first.

It ought to consider two things of first importance—the provision of the material needed in war and the maintenance of the highest possible standard of life for all the people of this country. This necessarily involves a great deal of change-over of labour and the elimination of much waste.

The capitalist competitive system is very wasteful. Inequalities of wealth mean the employment of many people on services which add nothing to the strength of the nation. The personal servants of an idle man are as wasteful to the nation as he is himself.

The tendency in this country has been for too great a proportion of the population to be engaged in rendering services and too few in producing commodities.

The difficulties of the change-over are far less in time of war than in time of peace because those displaced can be absorbed. There are two instruments for achieving this change-over—first, taxation on the higher range of incomes, restricting the power of the well-to-do to divert labour from more necessary objects, and, the second, socialisation of industries, whereby a host of unnecessary middlemen and duplicated staffs can be freed for service of importance.

Industries such as mines, transport, and shipping necessarily come under control, but what is needed is their transformation permanently into services. The inevitable disturbance to individuals make it essential that there should be machinery for preventing suffering and waste.

These changes, which are bound to occur in one form or another, should be done with a clear conception, not only of war needs, but of the kind of Britain which we want after the war.

★

If we are to use fully our personnel, it is equally essential that we should see that those least able to help themselves should not suffer. The morale of the nation will depend, not only on the spirit of the fighters and workers in industry, but also on that of their wives, families and relations.

We must, therefore, see to it that the necessary adjustments are made to ensure as good a standard of life as the conditions allow to the aged, the sick, the casualties of industry, and to the children.

With these considerations in mind, we must inevitably consider as of first importance the organisation of the national finances. Behind the figures of the Budget and the returns of imports and exports, behind the system of money payments, stands out the reality that we have to live and fight on what we can produce in his country or purchase from abroad by our products and services.

The allocation of the national wealth between our military and civilian requirements is a matter for the decision of the Government. The allocation of the amount available for civilian re-

(Continued on page 8 Col. 5)

Bengal Bans "Juarez"

The Government of Bengal have banned "Juarez", the American film which, by vividly dramatizing Mexico's fight for freedom under Benito Juarez, has glorified democracy on the screen. But the picture (which recently had a most popular run in Bombay) is more than mere propaganda. It is an example of art drawing for its inspiration upon themes that are dear to the heart of every liberty-loving citizen of the world. Mexico's abject poverty and exploitation under European imperialists, the heroic fight for freedom by Juarez and his forces, his abiding faith in the principles of democracy, his humanity and his deep concern for the suffering and the oppressed—these are some aspects of this vivid, human drama which naturally appeal to the people of all countries. For Indians there is reason for greater interest in this film as we, too, are striving for freedom from imperialist domination though we have chosen non-violent means for its achievement. It is perhaps for this reason that the Bengal bureaucracy has thought fit to ban "Juarez". Nothing better could be expected from the reactionary Fazlul Huq Ministry, dominated by the European minority in the legislature as it is. Incidentally it is significant to recall for contrast that among all the provinces in India, Bengal was the only one to allow the exhibition of that obnoxious, anti-Indian film "Gungadin". Not the self-respect of India but Imperialist interests seem to be the primary concern of those who hold the reins of office in Bengal.

Art In Bombay

The report of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, for the year 1938-39 is a record of steady growth. The number of students on the roll was 636 against 631 in the previous year. The various examinations maintained their standards and the percentages of successes achieved by the candidates. The principle that the progress of art pre-supposes adjustments in the curriculum of art-education, is fully accepted by the school. During the year under report the course of studies in the commercial art section was extended by one year, but an important innovation was the experimental training of a few selected candidates for the drawing teacher's examination in the artistic crafts such as textile-designing, wood-work and metal-work The scheme under contemplation to arrange lectures for drawing teachers on the various aspects of art and art-education will broaden their outlook and equip them with general knowledge of art which is essential to the development of the aesthetic aspect of education.

The school is keenly alive to the problem of Indian art and the artistic needs of the country. It by rehabilitating mural art in has built up its own traditions of art and especially of Indian art. The achievements of its past and present students at recent exhibitions in India are a tribute to the efficiency of its educational system. Bombay has not yet appreciated the vocational aspect of art and the role of art in daily life. The School of Architecture supplies qualified architects to the different parts of the country. The Commercial Art Section affords ample vocational scope for artists but industry and commerce cannot absorb all of them unless there is an intimate contact of the latter with the school. The Government should, therefore, induce industrialists to employ qualified designers in their concerns. The realisation, by the film-producers, of the inseparability of art from their industry will open a rich field for the employment of artists.

The mural decoration class of the school seeks to perpetuate a traditional art which is on the wane, but the mural decorators of Bombay have a very narrow vocational outlet. The Government of Bombay and the Municipality should give a lead to the public their constructional works. The condition of sculptors is no better, because modern tendencies of architecture towards simplicity have very nearly divorced sculpture from architecture. Sculptors cannot expect a wider scope for their art so long as the Government do not encourage the reinstatement of sculpture in architecture as its integral part. The achievements of painters at exhibitions are not indicative of their prosperity in life as some of them have to struggle hard to make two ends meet. The school has not yet grown to its height because of lack of stimulus from the Government as well as the public. The close association of industry and commerce with the school, the initiation of a scheme of periodical exhibitions, the organization of an art-gallery for exhibiting the select work executed by students, the creation of a machinery to reproduce and circulate it at moderate prices and of an emporium to stock and sell the artistic handicrafts are directions in which the expansion of the School of Art, that is overdue, should be undertaken by the Government of Bombay.

Deutschland Day By Day

(As Reported to Our London Correspondent).

A Year Book of the Nazi Party has just been published. It provides the first accurate estimate of the size of the organisation which Hitler has created as a State within the State.

The whole of Greater Germany, the Year Book claims, is covered with a widespread net of Party organisations. The 80,000,000 Germans are divided into 421,375 blocks, 96,696 cells, 27,989 local groups, 822 provincial groups and 41 districts, which roughly correspond with the administrative sectors of the Reich bureaucracy. No actual figures of employees in this vast network are given, but careful study of the Year Book reveals the figures.

The Nazi Labour Front employs 33,000 clerks inside the old Reich (without Austria, the Sudetenland, and Poland). The Labour Front alone had expenditure of over £40,000,000 in 1938. The Reich Food organisation employs 21,000 including women and children have been driven out into the icy streets to shovel snow and mend roads.

Most of them have no suitable clothes, nor have they ever done such work before. The Nazis argue that since many Jews were in the clothing trade, they must have hidden reserve of cloth, therefore they need not have clothing rations.

* * * *

German policy towards Russia, and especially the fact that Germany has helped in making the Baltic States vassals of Bolshevism, have caused concern in certain Nazi circles.

It is understood from a reliable source that Alfred Rosenberg, the theorist of National Socialism, owing to his opposition to Hitler's Russian policy, has fallen into disgrace. This is not surprising considering that Rosenberg is a German Balt, having been born in Tallinn (Reval), the capital of Estonia.

* * * *

It is almost impossible for workers in Germany to change their jobs now the country is at war.

Gertrud Westphal, of Rostock, North Germany, thought that one good way would be to set fire to the factory where she worked. She did—and left the factory she hated so much—for the police station!

On Sunday January 14 Gertrud paid for her crime by being executed.

* * * *

Before the invasion of Poland and Czechoslovakia books were prepared in the languages of these countries which would provide German soldiers with the phrases which would make them fell at home among the conquered. This thorough preparation has also been made for the present war.

An English phrase book has been published which deals with the British. It is by Captain S. Hassmann, of a Saxon Infantry Regiment, and is published in Leipzig for 20 penning. There are a number of English-speaking phrases useful for contacts with

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 7)

Frankly Speaking

Invitation To Neutrals

Nothing very new or sensational was uttered by Mr. Chamberlain in his speech at the lunch given by the National Defence Public Interest Committee. His claim that the Allies "are fighting for every country which is oppressed by the fear that they may follow Czechoslovakia, Poland and now Finland", however, is significant in view of the recent protests from countries including Italy that the British were trying to involve neutrals in the war. His assertion: "We have never sunk neutral ships and never willingly sacrificed a single neutral life" may be true but it is difficult to see how it is relevant to the "right of neutrals" to decide as to whether they should come into conflict or stay out. Indeed, the neutral countries will perhaps take his statement, "Our enemies threaten the existence of States which are too small, too weak or too near to defy them" as a definite invitation to join the ranks of the Allies.

Mendacious Propaganda

It is not surprising that in their efforts to justify the wanton invasion of Finland, the Soviet wireless and the "Pravda" (both of which are, of course, official mouth-pieces) should resort to mendacious propaganda. Stalin's unscrupulous adventure and the remorseless way it is being carried out has alienated the sympathies of even avowed sympathisers of the Soviet. Nay, it has come as a shock, which it will take long to forget. We in India are not deceived by the part that is being played by the European imperialist Powers *vis-a-vis Finland; but that in no way extenuates much less excuses Soviet's deplorable volte face.* Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, like many others, had, in the beginning, his doubts regarding the pros and cons of the Finland campaign but during the last few weeks the Soviet has been completely unmasked and in a recent article the Pandit has categorically condemned the Russian invasion. It is amazing, therefore, that the "Pravda" and the Soviet wireless should represent Jawaharlal as a supporter of Soviet policy, as is evident from a note in the "Manchester Guardian." This is a perversion of truth and the Soviet is not doing itself a service in this part of the world by such mischievous misrepresentation.

Turko-German Commercial Agreement

Whatever diplomatic significance may be attached to the report, relayed from Rome, of the conclusion of a Turko-German Commercial Agreement at Ankara on the 31st January, one thing is certain that although the recent terrible earthquake catastrophe in Anatolia with its excessive toll of destruction, has created unforeseen demands on the national resources, Turkey has been the one Balkan State that has maintained the economic and financial national equilibrium. Thanks to the inexhaustible stamina of the renascent nation born out of the travails of post-war chaos, the strain involved in this recent misfortune is not intolerable. Turkey is receiving help from every quarter—a spontaneous gesture of sympathy primarily. As regards the Nazi economic pressure the experience of 1936 is too fresh for the Turks to fall in the same pitfall twice. The new agreement does not fundamentally change Turkey's position. The Turks seem to be determined, as we have already indicated, not to succumb to any external pressure or to allow themselves to be detached out of the Anglo-French orbit. Turkey is maintaining diplomatic correctness in her neutrality. Her economic structure, although not formidable to weather a series of storms, is normally strong and invulnerable which cannot unfortunately be said of the other Balkan States.

Literacy Classes For Women

The Bombay Women's Association's Literacy Committee deserves to be congratulated on its having organised 47 literacy classes for women in various parts of the city. It is most gratifying to note that about one thousand women are attending these classes, most of them being working class women in the labour area. As instruction is free and as slates, pencils and books are also supplied free, the total cost of the classes for the four months for the present batch is estimated to be Rs. 5,000. But the Committee has so far collected only Rs. 2,500 and hopes to collect the balance from Government as a grant and from fresh contributions from the public. We trust both the Government and the public will be generous in their respective quotas.

TETE-A-TETE

DEMOCRACY—IN PRACTICE.

LONDON, Jan. 31.
The India and Burma Amendments Bill has received Royal assent.—Reuter.

The House of Lords agreed to two amendments in the India and Burma Miscellaneous Amendments Bill without discussion.—Reuter.

* * * *

"That we are fighting for every country which is oppressed. . . ."
????!!!!!

In fairness to the British Premier we ought to complete the sentence.

". . . by the fear that they may follow Czechoslovakia, Poland and now Finland is now becoming clearer daily from the actions of the German vessels."

* * * *

By the way what about Abyssinia and Albania? Is Mr. Chamberlain forgetting his history?

* * * *

Referring to the recent "Asama Maru" incident, Mr. Chamberlain assured the Japanese people that "no discourtesy was intended."

To which the Japanese people are expected to reply that in enforcing the Tientsin blockade, too, no discourtesy to the "Honourable British people" was intended.

* * * *

A NEWSPAPER IS BORN!

—"Morning Standard."
So We *Hear!*

By the way, it is satisfactory to note that "The Paper With a Policy" will be "espousing no particular political creed." (wide first leader of first issue).

* * * *

It is apparently going to be all things to all men.

According to Sir Mirza Ismail (Dewan of Mysore) "Keen and friendly interest in the affairs of Indian States will be an important feature of the new journal."

Sir H. P. Mody hopes that it will make a solid contribution to the political education of the country.

Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy is sure that it will espouse the cause of the Minority communities.

Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha says Ditto.

And finally Sir C. Y. Chintamani notices "from the statement of its policy that it will be a Liberal paper" (Sic, Sic, Sic!)

Now, take your pick from this knightly potpourri.

* * * *

"It is an easy thing for the United States and others to say that India should be given self-Government on the basis of full Dominion Status but the problems of the Indian people were such that there were those, who feared that the ultimate result of such immediate concession would setback the progress already made towards Indian Freedom."

—Mr. Ramsay Muir, President of National Liberal Federation of Great Britain.

Thanks for the warning, Mr. Muir!

And we are relieved to find that a Liberal is the same all over the world—be he Indian or British.

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.
(Perpetrated By The Junior (Colleague).

(1) The Government of Soviet Russia has granted ten million roubles for the relief of the Finnish victims of air raids.

(2) A new commercial agreement is about to be signed between Germany and Soviet Russia according to which a million hammers and sickles will be bartered for a billion Swastikas.

(3) Mr. Jinnah wants a Parliamentary Bill to stop the Viceroy from meeting Gandhiji so frequently.

* * * *

The British Consulate in Tientsin has been officially informed that the Japanese blockade of the British and French concessions is being drastically tightened.

The British and French residents would, no doubt, reply by tightening their belts and braces.

* * * *

According to the editor of a local Anglo-Indian daily, propaganda is the greatest danger facing the world.

He is telling us!

* * * *

"Do you think a young man should propose to a girl on his knees?"

"If he doesn't, the girl should get off."

Intensive Fighting In Central Finland

300 SIBERIAN SKI PATROLS KILLED

Russian Division On Retreat: Artillery Duels At Many Points

LONDON, Feb. 1.

REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF CENTRAL FINNISH FRONT REPORTS THAT MORE OR LESS, INTENSIVE FIGHTING IS RAGING THIS MORNING ON AN EXTENSIVE SERIES OF FRONTS IN THE NARROWEST PART OF CENTRAL FINLAND.

The military centre of gravity, however, continues to be Rasti sector where along a lengthy and ill-defined front, the Finns are edging slowly forward, driving a Russian Division before them. At many points of the front, there is heavy gunfire which, at times, blazes up into artillery duels of extreme intensity.

It is now learned that three hundred members of the newly appeared Siberian ski patrols which Russians threw into the central front a few days ago were killed yesterday and 50 Russians taken prisoners.—Reuter.

BOMBING OF RUSSIAN AIR BASE

HELSINKI, Feb. 1.

Details of the recent bombing of the Russian air base of Baltiski by Finns are given in the newspaper 'Uusisuomi" which states that Finnish bombers destroyed some Russian machines and started fires which could be seen for miles.

After the raid, the newspaper declares, the Russian commander of the airport was summoned to Leningrad and has not returned.

The Soviet authorities, it is added, have ordered a nightly "blackout" on the Russian occupied Islands of Oesel and Dagoe.

The newspaper says that it now seems certain that not only Helsinki but airports on Oesel and Dagoe and elsewhere have been successfully raided by Finns.—Reuter.

HASTEN HELP TO FINLAND

Primate's Service Of Intercession

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The Archbishop of Canterbury declared at a National service of Intercession for the Finnish people at St. Pauls to-day that it is very probable that the final issue of the struggle for right against wrong would be decided in May and added: "We appeal to the Government to hasten its help."

FINNISH APPEAL.

The Primate read a message from the Primate of Finland and the Bishop of Tempere, which he described as "a voice and cry which comes to us straight from the soul of Finland." The message declared: "We are united with you in common suffering and hope. A new tribulation has now met you and us. The freedom of Europe is threatened. No permanent peace can be built as long as the menace of violent Bolshevist expansion remains. We appeal to you for effective help that should not come too late."—Reuter.

FINNISH APPEAL FOR MORE VOLUNTEERS

"We Are Condemned To Death Unless Help Comes Soon"

PARIS, Jan. 31.

"Miracles have happened, but you cannot expect a series of miracles", the Finnish Minister in Paris told at the Anglo-American press lunch.

"We are condemned to death unless help comes soon."

A Finnish spokesman in London said, Finland's most pressing need was more ammunition and war supplies, including 'planes and finally manpower, Finland could hold off the Russians for a long time, but ultimately manpower would tell. Finland appealed for volunteers from all countries who wanted to defend the ideals for which Finland was fighting.

Russian Strategy Explained

Soviet operations in Finland had three main purposes, he told Reuter, summing up the situation at the end of the first two months of the war.

These were to break the Mannerheim Line failing that, to turn its flank; secondly, to cut the "Wasp Waist" in two and thirdly, to occupy Petsamo and the Hinterland, thus rendering naval assistance impracticable and cutting off supplies by sea.

At the moment it might be said that the menace was being held on all fronts and the Finnish staff was confident that the Mannerheim Line would withstand even stronger pressure than hitherto ~~envolved.—Reuter.~~

"ENEMY NO. 1 OF CHRISTIAN CIVILISATION"

ROME, January 31.

While Italian newspapers continue to refrain from comment on Hitler's speech, the Vatican organ "Av Venire" refers to Hitler's defence pact with Stalin and says everybody understands that Germany has obeyed the demands of war strategy, but the fact remains that Italians can never regard the Soviets as other than "Enemy Number One of Christian civilisation, religiously, socially and politically".—Reuter.

FINNS HOLD THEIR POSITIONS

Review Of Two Months Of War

LONDON, February 1.

The opening of the third month of the war in Finland finds the Finns everywhere holding their own against the invaders.

Bitter fighting is still raging round Rasti in Finland's waistline where the Finns have thrown back the third Russian ski battalion consisting of 600 men and an entire Soviet division is threatened.

The Finns are now reported to be on the offensive and have launched surprise attacks from several directions at once.

In the Karelian Isthmus the Russians are once again showing signs of activity and now apparently are trying to force their way to the Mannerheim Line along the shores of Lake Ladoga.

This has been the scene of some of the heaviest fighting in the war.

North-east of Lake Ladoga the Soviet troops are still pressing the Finns hard and are making furious efforts to escape from what is thought to be an extremely difficult position.—Reuter.

Suspension Of Import Duties

PARIS, Feb. 1.

All import duties of lamb and mutton, both fresh and chilled, on chilled meat of all kinds and on all tinned meat except pork have been suspended until June 30th.—Reuter.

Centre Of Moslem Culture In London

Plan Of Egyptian Ambassador

LONDON, January 31.

The need for establishing a worthy centre of Moslem culture and religion in London was stressed by the Egyptian Ambassador speaking at the Royal Central Asian Society's dinner club. Lord Zetland presided.

The Ambassador said in making enquiries with a view to such a decision he was greatly encouraged by Lord Halifax, Lord Zetland, Lord Lloyd and others of outstanding influence.

What he asked for from British friends was moral support.

King Farouq had accepted certain proposals he had made and given the project his patronage.

The Ambassador proposed at an early date to ask Moslems of various nationalities to meet at the Egyptian Embassy to draw up a satisfactory scheme.

Sir Hassan Suhrawardy said as Chairman of more than one Mosque Fund Trust in London, it would be a pleasure for him to co-operate in such a scheme with a view to co-ordinating different efforts so that there would be in London a religious centre worthy of the position of Islam in the Empire.—Reuter.

U. S. INDIFFERENT TO HITLER'S UTTERANCES

WASHINGTON, January 31.

Hitler's speech has excited little comment in Washington where apparently his utterances are regarded these days as of diminished importance.

Most of the editorials in newspapers are absorbed in domestic politics.

Several prominent Congressmen admitted that they have not even read the speech.—Reuter.

NAZI SPIES ACTIVE IN AFRICA

Govt. Measures To Counteract Their Activity

CAPETOWN, Feb. 1.

All racing pigeons in South Africa have been counted and listed and officials of all homing pigeon societies have been asked to supply the list of members and state the number of birds each one own.

This is part of the authorities' investigation into the reports that pigeons are used by Nazi agents to carry information out of the country.

Reports suggested existence of a Nazi spy ring in Portuguese East Africa engaged in obtaining information from the Union. Watch is also kept on importation of birds.

Recently the police confiscated a crate of homers consigned to a religious order. A vigilant eye is kept on persons in the Union suspected of being Nazi agents.—Reuter.

AUSTRIAN PRINCE IN FRENCH ARMY

PARIS, Jan. 31.

Prince von Starhemberg, former Vice-Chancellor and ex-Leader of the Heimwehr, Austria, has been officially gazetted as an Infantry Lieutenant in the French army "a titie etranger" which means a prince cannot command French soldiers but only foreign units.—Reuter.

Smuts Heckled By Oppositionists

Refutes Charge Of Government's Action Due To Fear Of 'English Rebellion'

CAPETOWN, Feb. 1.

General Smuts was frequently interrupted by opposition members among whom General Hertzog was prominent when he replied in the debate on the Emergency Powers Bill in the Assembly.

At times during General Smut's speech the entire opposition appeared to be shouting and talking, while Government supporters applauded.

There were opposition shouts of "Slim Jannie" "Empire Group" "Jingoes and Rooineks."

Referring to the opposition allegations that there would have been an English-speaking rebellion had Parliament decided on neutrality, General Smuts declared that anyone who thought that the Government had acted because it feared an English rebellion and that it had acted under pressure from the English section who threatened an uprising was "living in a dream world."

Earlier Mr. Mandeley, Minister for Labour expressed the deepest resentment at the insult offered to Britain by the opposition whom he said Hitler would scorn "if they tried to make things sweet for him."

Mr. Mandeley said he was horrified at the mere idea of South Africa making a separate peace.

The first reading of the Bill was carried.—Reuter.

20 Bombs Dropped On Br. Steamer

FLUSHING, Feb. 1.

It is revealed that 20 bombs were dropped by a big German aircraft which bombed and machinegunned and unarmed British steamer "Highwave" on January 30.

According to information gathered from members of the crew the bombs were dropped in groups of five from a height of a thousand feet.

Aviation circles here point out that a machine capable of dropping 20 bombs is something new in the German campaign against shipping. The bomber involved is believed to have been a four-engined military version of the commercial craft.—Reuter

DANISH SHIP STRIKES MINE

COPENHAGEN.—Fifteen members of the crew are missing from the Danish steamer "Vidar" which struck a mine yesterday and sank this morning.

Eight other members of the crew were rescued.

"Vidar" was 'en route' to Denmark from England.—Reuter.

U-BOAT SURVIVORS LANDED

The survivors of the U-boat sunk on Tuesday have been landed and mostly appeared to be under 20 years of age.

They left port heavily guarded.

15 SURVIVORS OF "ROYAL CROWN" RESCUED

15 survivors of the Newcastle steamer 'Royal Crown' (4364 tons) were landed at an east coast port on Tuesday night after seeing seven of their comrades washed from the ship's lifeboat and drowned.

The survivors reported that another ship's boat containing the remainder of the crew adrift in the vicinity and a lifeboat was sent in search but returned after a fruitless search, and it is feared that this boat has capsized.

At lowtide on Wednesday the "Royal Crown" was high and dry on the beach. Police boarded the vessel and removed the mutilated bodies of four of the crew who were killed when she was attacked by an enemy plane.

The survivors said the plane machinegunned the decks and then dropped an incendiary bomb amid ships wrecking the engine-room and two boats and causing some casualties.—Reuter.

GOVERNOR OF NYASALAND IN ACCIDENT

Car Hurtles Downhill Into River

DARESSALAAM, Feb. 1.

The Governor of Nyasaland, Mr. Mackenzie Kennedy, is in hospital with an injured arm sustained when his car ran downhill out of control.

He was driving and came to a hill leading to the Ferry station when the brakes failed and the car careered down the slope into water. The car sank but Mr. Mackenzie Kennedy and his passenger, a native driver, escaped through the rear window.—Reuter.

Attack On "City Of Bath"

Details of the attack by a German bomber on the (5000 ton) liner "City of Bath" off the Scottish coast on Tuesday are revealed to-day. The bomber was held off by the ship's defence gun in the stern but during the attack lasting quarter of an hour the machine dropped six bombs and raked the port side of the ship and the bridge with machinegun bullets.

One heavy bomb fell within 15 feet of the ship's side and the vessel was severely shaken but there were no casualties.

Torpedoed Crew Picked Up By Italian Steamer

LONDON, Feb. 1.

The full crew of the steamer "Vaclite" landed at a westcoast port to-day.

A torpedo struck the vessel forward injuring the Master and four men. The crew were in boats for six hours before they were picked up by an Italian steamer and all suffered from privation.

A member of the crew said that the vessel was on passage light to America when she was attacked.—Reuter.

Leith Steamer Sunk

The Leith steamer "Giralda" (2,178 tons) was sunk off the Orkneys.

Hitherto 19 bodies have been recovered but it is feared that all the crew of 23 are lost.

Balkan 'Entente Plans

Move For Solid Economic Bloc To Reinforce Independence

BUKHAREST, Feb. 1.

Neutrality will almost certainly be the keynote of the Balkan Entente Conference, which opens at Belgrade on Friday. Indeed even the date of the Conference was fixed with a view to avoiding any misunderstanding with regard to the strict neutrality of the Entente.

The President of the Entente changes every year and M. Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister will assume the post on February 7.

Rumania, Greece and Yugoslavia are said to have been perturbed at the idea of the Conference being under Turkish chairmanship at present because Turkey is the only member who has entered into a Mutual Assistance Pact with the Allies.

It therefore has been agreed to hold the Conference from the second till the fourth of February while M. Gafencu (Rumania) is still in the chair.

Since the deliberations of the Conference are private no agenda is published and the subjects for discussion are not revealed, but it is believed that the first step will be the statements by Ministers with regard to the position of their countries.

M. Gafencu is expected to contend that King Carol's latest promises to Germany that Rumania will fulfil her agreed quotas of oil, wheat, etc., do not mean that Rumania has ceased to be a neutral. M Sarajoglu who is meeting M. Kiosseivanoff at Sofia 'en route' to Belgrade is expected to indicate his suggestions for improvement in the relations between Bulgaria and the Entente.

GERMAN PRESSURE.

The fact that on the eve of the Balkan Conference Germany has requested countries in southeast Europe to define their attitude in the economic field has added greatly to the importance of the Conference.

The German request has aroused a general demand that the Balkan Entente states co-operate and form a strong economic bloc to reinforce their political independence and action with regard to the belligerents.

It is agreed that Balkan economic unity will necessitate the participation of Bulgaria who is present at outside the Entente.—Reuter.

TURKEY NOT IDLE

Taking Measures To Prevent War Spreading

ISTANBUL, Feb. 1

When leaving for Belgrade to attend the Entente Conference M. Sarajoglu declared that Turkey was not neutral but she was outside the present war.

That did not mean she was waiting passively upon events, but taking in advance all measures necessary to prevent the flames spreading to one's home.

"If she was not attacked or compelled by events to implement her engagements, Turkey remains determined to pursue a policy of peace."—Reuter.

INTERNED ALIENS IN BRITAIN

Anderson's Statement In Commons

LONDON, Feb. 1.

Sir John Anderson informed the Commons that 415 aliens were interned at the outbreak of the war and 554 interned after examination by tribunals.

In reply to a question, Sir John Anderson said that the number of enemy aliens at large was somewhere in the neighbourhood of 60,000.

CANADIAN NAVY.

It is announced in London, that the Royal Canadian Navy has more than doubled its personnel since the war began and the expansion still continues.

Men from the shores of Inland lakes are hastening to join and recruits from the 'prairie' provinces are now training alongside the natives of Atlantic seaboard and British Columbia. In due course, the men from the depths of the interior who never before looked on salt water will have been trained to serve on 70 vessels to be constructed in Canadian shipyards.—Reuter.

Bombay For Azad As Ramgarh President

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has been nominated for the Presidentship of the Ramgarh Congress, by ten members of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

"Britain Sank No Neutral Ship"

Work Of Fighter Planes For Finns Creates Good Impression: Views On Chamberlain's Speech

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 1.

Ship-owning circles appreciate Mr. Chamberlain's announcement that Britain has not sunk a single neutral ship and the opinion is expressed that Britain would not under any consideration sink neutral ships without warning.

THE CONTRAST.

"Tidinger" comparing the speeches of Herr Hitler and Mr. Chamberlain finds the former bellicose and without nolding promise of an early peace while it notes that Mr. Chamberlain expressed Britain's determination to prosecute the war until a happier Europe is assured.

BR. HELP TO FINLAND.

A more favourable attitude towards Britain is observable since reports have been current that fighter aeroplanes from Britain are responsible for recent Finnish successes in bringing down Russian bombers.

Paris Reception

PARIS: Under splash headlines Mr. Chamberlain's speech is given a large place in the front pages of the newspapers.

The Socialist paper "Le Populaire" describes it as "this great speech which sets forth the prodigious effort made by his country".

Madame Tabouis in "L'Oeuvre" says: "Paris is particularly delighted with the speech. "Le Petit Parisien" approves the manner in which Mr. Chamberlain refrained from replying to Hitler's insults and the day before.

HEROICS V. CONFIDENCE.

NEW YORK: Commenting on Mr. Chamberlain's speech the "New York Times" says of the two speeches, Hitler's heroics and Chamberlain's quiet address, it is the second speech which carries the greater measure not only of conviction but confidence.

THE HAGUE: Particular satisfaction is expressed in political circles that Mr. Chamberlain referred to the rights of neutrals to decide themselves whether to participate in the war.

Belgian Reaction To British Premier's Speech

BRUSSELS, Feb. 1.

Official circles appreciate Mr. Chamberlain's references to neutral countries in his speech yesterday and his understanding of their position. The speech is considered to be in complete conformity with the attitude towards neutrals adopted by the British Government.—Reuter.

PARIS, Feb. 1.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech has made an excellent impression. The disclosure that Britain has one million and half under arms is greeted as a stupendous achievement for a country which had no conscription until practically the eve of the war.—Reuter.

Chamberlain Scouts Dictatorship Move

(Continued from page 1.)

also heard undertones of grumbling. If this super-minister was given authority over other ministers, there must be a tendency to weaken the authority of departmental ministers. They should try as far as possible to leave departmental ministers with responsibilities in their own departments. In time of war, it was quite inevitable that there should be differences of view between different departments but this was not a matter which reflected any discredit upon the departments.

"CONSIDERABLE DANGERS"

Unless the case was overwhelming for the creation of a new non-departmental ministry with authority over other ministers, it was very rash to add new layers of ministers and officials to those that already existed. The dangers were very considerable, Mr. Chamberlain said, and he was totally unable to see how the addition of an extra minister was going to get over any present procedure or how such a minister would facilitate decisions which were being taken smoothly and effectively every day of the week.

BOARD OF TRADE'S BUSINESS.

Mr. Chamberlain said that they did not need a new minister to plan export trade which was already the business of the Board of Trade and announced that the President of the Board of Trade was setting up an Export Council consisting of a number of leading businessmen, some of whom were prepared to give full time service voluntarily to executive work of organising our export trade in detail. The Council would also include leading members of trade unions movement. Lord Stamp would be a member of the Council and there would be senior representatives of the Treasury and the Ministry of Supply. The Ministry of Economic Warfare would also be represented and the Foreign Office, if there was any question, which affected them. The President of the Board of Trade would preside.

FROM PARAMOUNT POINT OF VIEW.

Mr. Chamberlain concluded that they viewed any question from this paramount point of view—would the action they proposed to take help to shorten and win a war. If he thought that the appointment of the proposed minister would help to win the war or shorten it by one day, he would take a different view from what he did. Nothing had been said to show that the proposal would be an improvement and he reached the conclusion that this was no time for a change of this sort.—Reuter.

WAR CABINET MEETINGS.

Referring to an objection that the President of the Board of Trade was not a member of the War Cabinet, Mr. Chamberlain said that what was not appreciated was that when questions affecting departments were discussed at the War Cabinet, it was the practice to invite ministers at the head of those departments to attend the meetings while those items on the agenda were being discussed.

The War Cabinet had full opportunity of hearing whatever might be said on any side. Mr. Chamberlain did not believe that in the war Cabinet or other Cabinet when matters of high policy were discussed, members of the Cabinet were so small minded that they could not rise above mere departmental considerations and take a more statesmanlike view.—Reuter.

DEUTSCHLAND DAY BY DAY

(Continued from Page 6)

men and women. The Ribbentrop Office—a parallel organisation to the Nazi Foreign Office—with its 400 employees—fills only a minor place in the list.

* * * *

Twenty thousand Berlin Jews English-speaking civilians. The latter will be interested to learn that contingencies are provided for from the following examples from the phrase-book:—

Tell me please, Mrs. N.

Tell the truth, or you will be killed. But quickly, clergyman, write down on this paper the number of the English Army Corps.

I want 30 workmen to-morrow.

Every driver that drives the wrong way will be shot.

Don't tell a lie, the village seems to be a wealthy one. I see it.

Where is the cashbox?

There is no lack of reassuring phrases, such as:

We are no barbarians as people often say in France and in Belgium.

Don't fear anything..... very peaceful, you must provide us board and lodging.

You will be paid now, later on, after the war.

* * * *

There is no longer any such thing as "unpolitical" school teaching in Germany. The history of the war is to be the central theme in all subjects.

Already the children have followed the Polish campaign in every detail. "But now the war has taken on another aspect, an aspect which our school children probably don't understand as easily as they did the swift Polish war, an aspect which an impressionable child can so easily misunderstand," so declares the Berlin daily newspaper "Borsen Zeitung."

To remedy this situation the National Socialist Lehrerbund under the leadership of Gauleiter Dr. Fritz Wachtler, has published 300,000 War-Diaries, for school children. The children are instructed that the diaries are to be "personal" accounts of their contacts with the war and with war-time situations. Each diary contains three maps: one showing the Western Front, one the British Empire and the third, the Polish campaign.

Mickey Mouse Show At The Capitol

There will be a special morning show of a new programme of Mickey Mouse whimsicalities at the Capitol on Sunday, Feb. 4, at 10-30 a.m. Chocolates will be given to all children.

The Half-Column
By "Dim."

BIRTHS—To the "Sunday Standard", a howling infant.

I admire the courage and the conviction of a Parsee gentleman, who when launching his English newspaper printed on it on the top right hand corner in Gujerati that it was begun with the help of God.

Pigeons are used by Nazis to carry information. Stool pigeons like Goebbels and Hess and Finck.

Mahatma Gandhi is once again to see the Viceroy. Let us hope the deliberations will be conducive to a better understanding between the two peoples, whom these persons represent and to an honourable settlement, which may make it possible for this country to join its forces against those of Herr Hitler and his allies.

Capitalists say its not fair that Labour should ask for a war allowance just when there is a war.

As a result of the success of the exhibition of rejected paintings, artists are now concentrating on painting the sort of things which will definitely be rejected by the Arts Society.

Academy Award of the Year goes to Mr. Jinnah's portraiture of himself. It is entitled: "Lead Kindly Light." Subhas Babu is highly commended for his self-portraiture entitled: "One Step enough for me."

It is rumoured that the Ramgarh Congress after singing "Bande Mataram" will also sing Ben Jonson's famous Prohibition Lyric: "Drink to me only with thine eyes and I will pledge with mind." This, in Congress language, is known as taking the pledge.

A new cocktail has just been invented. Half a glass Congress, one-quarter Muslim League, one-eighth depressed clases, Parsees and other minor minorities, one-sixteenth princes and princelings and one-sixteenth other vested interests. Add to that a few drops of the Forward Bloc for flavouring. It is to be called "Constituent Assembly" or alternatively "The Hope of India."

Exploiting Fibre Of Province

Bombay Govt. Expert's Experiments

PROSPECTS FOR MANUFACTURE OF TWINE AND BAGS: SUBSTITUTE FOR JUTE

(Special to the "Chronicle")

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Important experiments which are the first of their kind in Bombay, in the matter of exploiting a wild hedge plant called the sisal hemp, for purposes of manufacturing ropes have been conducted by a Fibre Expert under the Government of Bombay.

RECENT TESTS

Fibres extracted from this plant were recently sent to a firm in London for a test. The valuation reports received from this firm as also from two Indian firms where they were similarly tested show that there are great possibilities if only the plant is grown in a proper way.

INDIAN IMPORTS

Though the Sisal hemp is grown on an extensive scale as a hedge plant in Bombay and other provinces of the country, India has been importing Sisal hemp fibre and another variety called Manilla hemp fibre in raw state to the extent of nearly 8 lakhs of rupees per year, in order to keep the Bombay and Calcutta rope mills going. Most of these imports are from East Africa, the Dutch East Indies and the Philippine Islands

Experiments conducted by the Fibre Expert to the Government of Bombay have shown that the plant can be used for manufacturing twines and cloth. There has been no organised industry in the province so far for exploiting the vast resources of Sisal hemp. No one else except Harijans living in villages have ever thought of using the hedge plant for rope making.

Schemes for utilising these vast resources in the province will shortly be worked out. The industry, if developed, will not only meet the requirements of the rope mills in the province but also enable Bombay to export a large quantity of fibre.

OTHER VARIETIES

There are two other varieties of fibrous plants in the province on which experiments have been conducted by the Government of Bombay, with a view to exploiting them on an industrial scale. A plant known as Bombay hemp or Sann hemp is cultivated over an approximate acreage of 35,616 and is used in the villages of Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Panchmahals and Khandesh for being spun into twine for fishing nets.

RESULT OF EXPERIMENTS

Experiments in Bombay have shown that the quality and colour of the fibre can be improved by certain processes and that the fibre can be exploited to a large extent by utilising machinery. It was found that while fibre from Devgad and Rajapur could be spun into fine yarn and used for canvas-making and twine-making in competition with European products, the fibre from other districts, being coarser, could only be used for the production of coarser twine and for roap-making on cottage industry basis.

There is possibility of increasing the present export to England of about 4,000 bales of Sann hemp fibre from Ratnagiri district.

SUBSTITUTE FOR JUTE

The third variety which was included in the experiments was the Deccan hemp grown over an acreage of about 59,144. The results have shown that this can be an excellent substitute for jute, which is used for gunny bags.

The credit for realising the value of experiments on these plants with a view to exploit them on an industrial scale and for setting apart the necessary funds, goes to the Congress Ministry in Bombay, which appointed a Fibre Expert in July, 1938. The Ministry was anxious to consider schemes for large-scale exploitation of the fibre resources of the province.

Resources

BENGAL PREMIER'S PROPOSAL

R. T. C. For Communal Settlement In Province

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

The following joint statement has been issued by the Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal and Mr. B. C. Chatterjee:—

"In view of the state of tension existing between the two major communities in Bengal at the present moment, we consider it urgently necessary and advisable that representatives of the said communities should sit round a table without delay and discuss matters of difference between them with a view to their early removal or solution.

"It is further our considered opinion that matters whereon interests of the two communities converge are fare more material and fundamental than those on which there are differences between them and the latter will be found to yield to sincere effort on our part to compose them to the mutual satisfaction of Hindus and Muslims in this province."—United Press.

PAKISTAN SCHEMES

Foreign Sub-Committee Of Muslim League Meets

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

The "United Press" learns that in response to the invitation extended to about a hundred Muslim notables and associations in other countries by the Foreign Subcommittee of the Muslim League for the Lahore session, the Speaker of the Iraq Parliament has intimated Sir Abdulla Haji Haroon, Chairman of the Foreign Subcommittee, that he would attend in non-official capacity.

The Ward Party of Egypt has replied that they would select a representative at the party meeting on February 5.

PAKISTAN SCHEME.

The Foreign Sub-committee of the League, held a meeting at the residence of the Chairman to-day. Nawab of Mamdot and Mr. Akhtar Hussain, M.L.C., Lucknow, members, attended. Eight authors of the Constitutional Schemes for zoning India and forming a Federation of such zones were also present. All such schemes were examined in details and the report is expected to be made to the Working Committee meeting on Saturday next.—United Press.

A.-I. States' Muslim League Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Feb. 1.

The next session of the Central Provinces and Berar Provincial Muslim League has been fixed for March 2, at Nagpur Some of the Muslim leaders of Hyderabad including Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung and others have been invited. There is a proposal to hold the first session of All-India States' Muslim League Conference also at the same time. Representatives from Hyderabad, Jaipur and Bhopal are expected to participate in the deliberations, while Muslim leaders of other native States also are said to have been invited.

Sikandar For Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, arrives here to-morrow morning to meet Mr. Jinnah prior to the Muslim League Working Committee meeting which will meet on Saturday.—United Press.

Leaguers For Delhi

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

Premier Fazlul Huq, Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister and Mr. Abdur Rahaman Siddique left for Delhi to attend the Working Committee meeting of the Muslim League.—United Press.

Excess Profits Tax

Place Facts Before Public

Federation Of Indian Chambers Suggestion To India Govt.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and industry in a communication to the Government of India say:—

As the object of the Excess Profits Tax Bill is to make available to the Government certain additional finances for the expenditure on defence and other services in connection with war, it is necessary that the public should be in possession of actual facts as regards the financial position of the Government of India to appreciate the justification of the Government of India in introducing such legislation at this early juncture. This would not be possible till the General Budget is presented to the Central Legislature on 29th February next. It is, therefore, submitted that the reference to the Select Committee should be deferred till the first week of March next to enable the public to examine the various clauses, and particularly the taxing clauses, of the Bill on their merit.

"The Committee have thought it fit to make the above suggestion, as there is a genuine feeling in the country that Government have been exhibiting unnecessary impatience in rushing through the Bill, before the country is given any idea as to the Government's budgetary position in the coming year."—A. P

Calcutta Protest Against Excess Profits Tax Bill

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

The Indian Commercial Bodies at Calcutta met at a conference this afternoon and unanimously decided to lodge their protest against the introduction of the Excess Profits Bill just at present.

The conference opined that the Bill was premature and that the consideration of the Bill should be postponed till the budget proposals of the Central Government were known. The Conference also decided to send a joint telegram to the above effect to the Government of India.—United Press.

Indian Chamber's Protest

Mr. J. K. Mehta, Secretary Indian Merchants' Chamber has sent a telegram to the Finance Department, Government of India expressing the business community's disapproval of the Excess Profits Tax Bill as premature and inopportune. The Committee of the Chamber urges that the introduction of the Bill be postponed till introduction of the annual budget.

Mr. Bharucha's Appeal To Leaders

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Dear Elders,

Whither, please? To Swaraj or Mirage? Your squabbles can't lead India to Swaraj. Your present ways will leave you in a mirage! Dominion Status, without financial control, will be fake, dummy-like and positively deceptive. Pray, pause and realize the grave realities of the situation.

If Gandhiji can trust the Viceroy, if Gandhiji has faith in Britain's goodwill; why can't he extend the same cordiality to Mr. Jinnah and his colleagues? If Gandhiji is empowered by the Working Committee to negotiate with the Viceroy, why does he leave the task of negotiating with Jinnah to Panditji, Babuji, etcetra? Further, leaving aside for a moment all talks of a Constituent Assembly, is Gandhiji prepared to have Coalition Cabinets? If not, how can the Minorities be fully represented by Congress Ministers alone? And what other representation, protection or safeguard can be vouchsafed to the Minorities through the proposed Constituent Assembly? Gandhiji, you have visited the Frontier. You know the sword-arm of India. You are aware of the whole Mid-Asiatic belt of Muslim Powers—Turkey, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Iran and Afghanistan. They are all Muslim Powers. India has to live in peace with her neighbours. Will you please reflect on the repurcussions, that disharmonious relations with Indian Muslims will eventually have on these Muslim States? Any further delay in the settlement of Hindu-Muslim tangle will worsen the national cause and strengthen the hands of the Rulers of India. Gandhiji, the choice is yours, please. With all deference I say, please don't be a victim of Pride and Prejudice.

In all negotiations of Hindu-Muslim Unity, it is said, that Mr. Jinnah's condition precedent is, that the Congress must recognise the Muslim League as the sole representative body of the Muslims of India. Now, Mr. Jinnah, may I say, that during the last twenty years, the Muslim bodies that co-operated with the Congress were the Khilafat Committee, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema and the Party of Nationalist Muslims? How can the Congress throw up these bodies and accept your League as the only representative body of the Muslims? Is it impossible to have a small Round Table Conference, where the representatives of the Congress, the League, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema and the Muslim Nationalists can meet, and hammer out a workable scheme for the good of our Motherland? As it is, the Congress-League squabbles are increasing embitterment, and are providing golden opportunities to the rulers to exploit us further! Dear Mr. Jinnah, reflect, and avoid a repetition of the pride and prejudice drama! For, the longer the tension, the greater is the suffering of the poor Muslim sections; and this is my personal observation, please.

DOMINION STATUS WITHOUT FINANCIAL CONTROL IS DECEPTIVE

Of what value is this talk of Dominion Status without financial control? In one breath, the Viceroy talks of India's welfare, as her great friend and lover. And in another breath, his Finance Minister staggers all India by the 50 p.c. Excess Profits Bill Is this the first fruit of the proposed Dominion Status? Isn't the Status fake? Isn't it intended to give a dummy position to India? Isn't it absolutely deceptive?

SOME STRAIGHT QUESTIONS TO THE VICEROY.

Is such a Bill brought in the Canadian Parliament? Or Australian Parliament? Or South African Parliament? Is not Britain taking Indian soldiers, Indian food-stuffs, and Indian raw materials for her own defence? Is not India being sufficiently drained? Why is this new daylight raid on India's growing industries and slender resources? Is it just? Is it judicious? Is this Britain's notion of establishing Democracy in India? Is not Britain driving India to utter distrust and desperation? Let the Viceroy reflect and revise the proposed E.P.T. Bill.

Here is an opportunity for Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah to meet and unite and oppose tooth and nail this fresh taxation, which will strangulate our trade, industry and economic life. India, ill-fed, ill-clad India cannot stand further taxation. If Gandhiji pines for helping starving India; if Mr. Jinnah is moved to see his impoverished Muslims and is eager to help them and save them, let these leaders meet, and meet without delay, and urge on the Viceroy to stay his hands from further taxation. That is their clear duty to India and to Islam. Will they discharge it without delay? Let us hope so.

JAWAHARLAL NOT OPTIMISTIC

Prospects Of Settlement With Britain

BENARES, Jan. 31.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing Congressmen this afternoon said that Mr. Gandhi would be meeting the Viceroy very shortly.

The Congress was always prepared to come to a settlement, but nothing short of complete freedom for India could be acceptable to the Congress. The present policy of the British Government showed that they were anxious to come to a settlement with the Congress. They, were acting with moderation in all provinces except that the Bengal and the Punjab Governments had taken to a repressive policy.

It was apparent that the British Government were at present realising that any settlement arrived at by them with communal or political organisations, which had not the support of the masses would not solve the Indian problem, and therefore the British Government wanted a settlement with the Congress, which had the support of the masses.

NOT OPTIMISTIC.

Despite all this, Pandit Nehru could not express optimism about a settlement. He, however, felt that the situation was changing so rapidly that India was bound to be free much earlier than could be expected.

The British Government could with the help of the Muslim League and the Indian Princess cause some delay in the attainment of freedom, but such a delay could last only for a very short period.

If the British Government came into a conflict with the Congress, they would not gain anything. That would only harm both Britain and India.

Pandit Nehru appealed to the public to further strengthen the Congress organisations and make preparations for satyagraha. They should remember that when once satyagraha was started, there could be no going back, and the fight would have to be continued till complete freedom was won.

Maharashtra Chamber's Protest Against Excess Profits Tax

Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce have sent a telegram to Government of India protesting against the Excess Profits Tax Bill, when India is already burdened with heavy Defence expenditure and when the Income-tax Law has also been recently tightened. The Committee consider the taxation premature and drastic and think it to be detrimental to Indian Commerce and Industry which have just begun to look up after many lean years and prevent the inception of new industries.

Chhuikhadan State Workers Arrested

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 31.

On the eve of the Chhuikhadan State Peoples' Conference session, which is going to be held at village Gandal, the authorities of the State have arrested and prosecuted Messrs. Gulab Das and Poonam Chand, the President and Secretary respectively of the Chhuikhadan State Congress Committee, under Sections 420/511 I.P.C., on the charges of cheating and enrolling the State people as Congress members by adopting fraudulent means.

Mr. Ghanshyam Kunwar, another public worker of the State has also been arrested under similar charges. All these arrested persons have been refused bails and remanded to the jail custody.

BHAVNAGAR.—Sjt. Balwantray Mehta, Secretary of All-India States' People Conference, has been elected a delegate to the Ramgarh Congress, from Bhavnagar. Shri I. K. Vyas, M.L.A. and Nandlal Thakkar are delegates from Dhandhuka.

HOW TO WIN THE WAR

(Continued from page 6.)

quirements between the various units of the population depends on our social and economic system.

The broad principle for which we stand is that until the necessities of all have been satisfied, the luxuries of some must take a back place. The financial system of the country must be brought into line with this fundamental requirement. In a word, money must be the servant, not the master, of the nation.

★

This brings me to the final point, the utilisation of our material. It is clear that we should produce all the food, coal, and raw materials that we can; for what we cannot, we must import.

We must, then, use our land and other resources to the full, and cut through the tangle of private ownership and interest that stands in the way. We must manufacture as much as we can in order to buy what we need from abroad.

In these activities, the fundamental needs of the standard of life of the workers must be recognised, both in wages, hours, and conditions. The Nation has to be recognised as an economic unit, not as a bundle of profit-making undertakings.

Finally, on the military side of our war effort, there ought to be the most careful decisions as to the amount of effort to be put into the naval, air and land forces.

Our resources are limited, and must be used to the best advantage. There must be concentration on the things which are needed to meet the greatest danger or to effect the greatest results.

To sum up: to maximise our war effort we need to advance far along the road to Socialism.

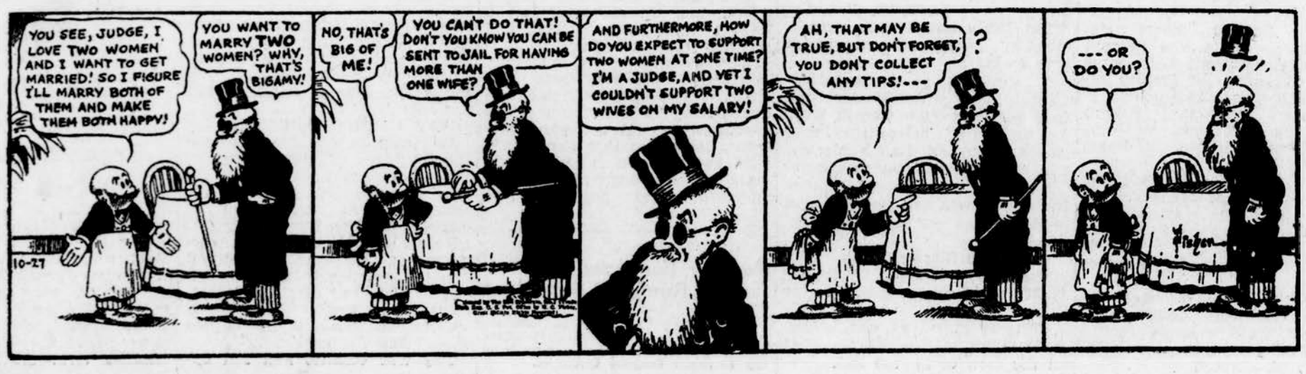
Cheap Grain Shops For Municipal Employees

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 1.

Ahmedabad Municipality has resolved to open cheap grain shops for about 9,500 Municipal servants, including Harijans (pre-war prices) and sanctioned Rs. 10,000, getting upto Rs. 40 will take advantage of the shops.

MUTT AND JEFF—According to Hoyle, Judges Are Only Supposed to Take Tips on Horse Races By BUD FISHER


YOU SEE, JUDGE, I LOVE TWO WOMEN AND I WANT TO GET MARRIED! SO I FIGURE I'LL MARRY BOTH OF THEM AND MAKE THEM BOTH HAPPY!
YOU WANT TO MARRY TWO WOMEN? WHY, THAT'S BIGAMY!
NO, THAT'S BIG OF ME!
YOU CAN'T DO THAT! DON'T YOU KNOW YOU CAN BE SENT TO JAIL FOR HAVING MORE THAN ONE WIFE?
AND FURTHERMORE, HOW DO YOU EXPECT TO SUPPORT TWO WOMEN AT ONE TIME? I'M A JUDGE, AND YET I COULDN'T SUPPORT TWO WIVES ON MY SALARY!
AH, THAT MAY BE TRUE, BUT DON'T FORGET, YOU DON'T COLLECT ANY TIPS!---
--- OR DO YOU?

"What do you recommend for Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

If your chest is your weak spot; if you catch cold easily and are seldom free from catarrh or a cough, a course of Angier's Emulsion will make a wonderful difference to your powers of resistance.

Angier's is a standard approved treatment for colds, coughs, bronchitis, and all catarrhal affections of the respiratory or digestive system.

Angier's is soothing and healing to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, and it has a most invigorating tonic influence upon the general health. No other emulsion is so highly recommended by the Medical Profession. It promotes normal, healthy appetite, overcomes nervous depression, greatly increases vitality, and corrects bowel irregularities.

Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. Equally useful for adults and children.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is boiled by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

Sports Paras From All Quarters

"Bobby" Riggs Married: Miss Stammers Engaged: Mlle. Jedrzejowska A Waitress

From Observer's Note-Book

Running in the Punjab Olympic Championships at Lahore, Hazura Singh of Patiala created a new Punjab record in the 800 metres, doing the distance in one minute 59.9 seconds. He however, could not beat his own India record of one minute 56.8 seconds created by him in Calcutta in 1938.

* * * *

RACING:

A cable recently conveyed that two more English race horses, Good Fare and Colorado Ciano had been purchased on behalf of patrons of the Indian Turf.

Good Fare is a 4-year-old colt by Scarlet Tiger— Perpetual Motion he was purchased on behalf of the Maharaja of Parlakimedi. He came under the starters orders four times last year. Good Fare failed to place in his first three outings, in a 7 furlongs straight, a 7 furlongs affair at Epsom, the Cicero Handicap, and in the Alexandra Handicap (6 furlongs straight) at Gatwick. He opened his winning account in the Harrington Plate (one mile straight) at Nottingham. Here he won easily by 6 lengths.

A better record is behind Colorado Ciaro. He is also a 4-year-old by Colorado Kid-Mistratema, Colorado Ciaro has seven outings last year, he won once and ran third on two other occasions. He won the Earl of Sefton's Handicap (one mile) carrying 8—6 and won by a head.

* * * *

Jockey Burn, who is now riding in Bombay, is to go to Ceylon. Burn is well-known in Ceylon, where he has ridden many winners of big races, including Warrior's Call in the Governor's Cup of 1938.

* * * *

ABOUT TENNIS STARS:

Mlle. Jadwiga Jedrzejowska, the Polish Lawn Tennis star who reached the Wimbledon women's final 1937 and who was No. 4 on the list of the ten best women tennis players drawn up by American expert critics, is working as a waitress in a cafe in German-occupied Warsaw.

An early report stated that Mlle. Jedrzejowska had probably been killed in the German invasion.

* * * *

Regarded as Britain's best woman lawn tennis player, Miss Kay Stammers, is engaged to be married to Mr. Michael Menzies, a cadet, who is to get a commission in the Welsh Guards.

* * * *

R. L. Riggs, this year's winner of the Men's Singles, the Men's Doubles and the Mixed Doubles titles at Wimbledon and then the Men's Singles Championship in America has married Miss Catherine Anne Fischu, of Chicago. Bobby Riggs, the World's No. 1 made tennis history by putting America on top in international contest. Riggs plays a quiet wearing down game, with a detached air that conceals how much he has left in hand. At Wimbledon last year, he became famous for tennis without a splash, but displayed a great sense of strategy which brought to mind the famous Rene Lacoste. Riggs never seeks to register a victory by a wide margin and often, unruffled, goes through four set matches to the final.

* * * *

A correspondent writes to me and states that recently I referred to the American Official Lawn Tennis rating. He complains I failed to give the complete list of the "first ten" men. I apologised—and comply:

1. Robert L. Riggs. (U. S. A.)
2. John E. Bromurich, (Australia).
3. Adrian K. Quist, (Australia).
4. Frank A. Parker, (U. S. A.).
5. S. Welby Van Horn, (U. S. A.).
6. Franjo Puncec, (Jugoslavia).
7. Joseph R. Hunt, (U. S. A.).
8. W. Donald McNeill, (U. S. A.).
9. Wayne R. Sabin, (U. S. A.)
10. Elwood T. Cooke, (U. S. A.).

(Continued from Col. 3)

winner of first match Vs. K. N. Dady (Plate).

COURT 7 at 4 p.m. R. N. Bhagwat Vs. G. D. Bhagat (Plate).

COURT 8 at 4 p.m. T. Brewer Vs. S. S. Kaul (Plate).

TO PLAY ON FIRST AVAILABLE COURT:—M. R. Row Vs S. C. Bachwar (Plate)

Mrs. W. A. Bell and G. L. Mytton Vs. Miss P. De Lima and S. A. Azim.

Tennis

WESTERN INDIA CHAMPIONSHIPS

Another good afternoon's tennis fare was enjoyed on Thursday, when the Western India Tennis Championship made further progress. E. V. Bobb and S. A. Azim by their victories over V. D. Sirur and J. E. Tew respectively have entered the semi-finals in opposite halves.

They both won in straight sets. Azim conceded three games, two and one; Bobb gave Sirur a single game in each set.

In the men's doubles J. E. Tew with G. L. Mytton and F. Bekkevold with N. V. Limaye have reached the penultimate stage. The former pair will meet the winners of the tie, where Rasik Kumar of Wankaner paired with Savara are opposed to Deo and Dastur. On Thursday, this quarter final was proving a dour struggle, the first set of the match had gone in favour of Deo and Dastur 8—6. The next set was at eight all when bad light stopped a great duel. Bekkevold and Limaye are expected to meet J. M. Mehta and S. A. Azim in the opposite half as fans have it that A. C. Suntook and H. N. Contractor will lose to the younger players.

Miss Leela Row and Miss K. Haji will contest the last match in the women's singles. This pair only met in a final a week ago, where Miss Leela Row prevailed.

RESULTS

MEN'S SINGLES:—S. A. Azim beat J. E. Tew, 6—2, 6—1; Capt. A. G. Gupte beat Rasik Kumar of Wankaner, 6—4, 6—1; F. Bekkevold beat I. N. Laljee, 6—3, 2—6, 6—4; E V. Bobb beat V. D. Sirur, 6—1, 6—1.

MEN'S DOUBLES:—Tew and Mytton beat H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda and Bhagat, 6—2, 6—2; Deo and Dastur beat R. K. L. Singh and Seth, 6—4, 6—1; Bekkevold and Limaye beat Rao and Schleiter, 6—1, 6—2; Rasik Kumar of Wankaner and Savara beat Moss and Waltho, 6—1, 6—2; Bekkevold and Limaye beat Samukawa and Toke, 6—1, 6—1; Rasik Kumar of Wankaner and Savara vs. Deo and Dastur 6—8, 8—8 (unfinished).

MIXED DOUBLES:—Miss P. D'Lima and Azim beat Miss Kavasji and A. C. Pereira 6—3, 2—6, 6—3; Miss Mehta and J. Mehta beat Miss Emery and Toke, 6—2, 6—4.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES:—Miss Leela Row and Miss Emery beat Mrs. Maine and Mrs. Johnstone, 6—2, 6—4.

TO-DAY'S GAMES

COURT 2:—At 3-30 p.m. J. M. Mehta and S. A. Azim Vs. A. C. Suntook and H. N. Contractor followed by:—winner of first match Vs. F. Bekkevold and N. V. Limaye.

5 p.m. F. Bekkevold Vs. N. R. Suvarna.

COURT 3 at 3-30 p.m.—Deo and Dastur Vs. S. L. Sarvara and Rasik Kumar of Wankaner (unfinished) followed by:— winner of first match Vs. J. E. Tew and G. L. Mytton.

5 pm. Deo Vs. A. G. Gupte.

COURT 2 at 4 p.m. F. G. Pinto Vs. E. Samukawa (Plate) followed by:—

(Continued in Col. 2)

Second Day Of Big Meeting

The following are the Acceptances and Order of Running for the Second Day of the Bombay Big Meeting to be run on Saturday, February 3:—

THE MITLAK STAKES.—Distance 1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

King's Wine 9-2, Star of Baroda 8-13, Miss O. K. 8-7, Potato Jones 8-0, Hectic 7-12, Welfare 7-12, Countess Nil 7-9, Vikramsinha 7-9 and Kolhapur King 7-9

THE GOUGH MEMORIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

Al Muqbil 9-0, Al Hamil 9-0, Banash Amer 8-8, Jahan Ara 8-8, Orient 8-7, Gaurishanker 8-7, Khalaf Majnun 8-7, Zain ul Muluk 8-6, Her Highness 8-5, Gazal 8-5, Mujbil al Arab 8-3, Nada'a al Bari 7-12, Saif Antar 8-0, Mithqal 8-0, Oudum al Khair 8-0, Attaf Beg 7-12, Saif ul Muluk 7-9, Final Test 7-9 and Wafi Hamid 7-4.

THE BROOME PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Kilt 9-4, Canticle 9-2, Terrace 9-1, Ganymede 9-1, Tipperary 8-13, Shipstoll 8-11, Dick Tapper 8-11, Spun Glass 8-10, Lord Byron 8-7, Sir Robin 8-7, Apple Jelly 8-7, Taqdir 8-2, Brittas Belle 8-2, Red Gold 8-1, Impetus 7-7, Loveable 7-13, Marina 7-13, Pompom 7-13, Quite True 7-9 and Hassina 7-7.

THE JAMMU CUP.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Advance 9-9, Mahboob 8-11, Limelight 8-0, Peace Treaty 8-10, Pompom 8-10, Pride of India 8-9, Rising Sun 8-9, and Miss Lena 8-0.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES Div. I—Distance 1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

Saxicola 9-4, Let Slip 8-8, Monocle 8-13, Blandstar 8-11, Dinah's Son 8-11, Le Duc 8-9, Ravioli 8-8, Maroc 8-8, Budapest 8-8, Leander 8-7, Glanely 8-7, Vandyke 8-7, Pressman 8-4, Cash 8-4, Cash Book 7-11, Tall Story 8-3, Levant 8-3, Kingsbury 8-0, Gaul 8-0, Talk 7-11, Brelan 7-11, Garden Warbler 7-10, Warrior's Call 7-10, Cotys 7-7 and Houdini 7-7.

THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Terror 9-0, Gipsy Jack 8-10, Dancing Comet 8-9 Solmint 8-9 Flying Orders 8-7, His Lordship 8-7, Coeur de Lion 8-6, Certus D'vitae 8-6, Earnest 8-4, Cavalier 8-4, Field Marshal 8-2, Passepasse II. 8-0, Who's Who 7-7, Monte Carlo 7-7 and Ticanto 7-7.

THE ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA.—Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

One I Love 9-7, Loch Ness 9-7, Steel Helmet 9-0, Pound Foolish 9-0, Dominic 9-7, Panaster 9-7, Baqlava 9-7, Phakos 9-4, Royal Romance 9-4, Gay Talkie 9-4, Kingdom 9-1, Cave Man 9-0, Giftlaw 9-0, Maratha Emperor 8-11 and Spadassin 8-7.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. Div. II.—Distance 1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

March Wind 9-4, Veiled Prophet 9-2, What's What 9-0, Goudea 9-0, Dante 7-13, Archmoon 8-12, Maharaja's Choice 8-11, Haut Monde 8-9, Chanak 8-9, Mythical Monk 8-9, Footslogger 8-7, Sea Battle 8-6, Autoland 8-7, Mellanthius 7-13, Guiding Queen 8-6, Sunnymorn 8-4, Mark You 8-3, Coeur Brule 8-0, Smara 8-0, Multyfarnham 7-13, Torch Royal 7-10, Night Alam 7-7, Conway 7-7 and Aftalon 7-7.

THE GAYE PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Tohalla 9-2, King of Diamonds 8-8, Saif al Nusser 8-5, Firpo 8-4, Great Star 8-0, Amin al Iraq 8-0, Jirnas 8-0, Wheel of Fortune 7-12, Bahar Neel 7-12, Laftat Allah 7-11, Ghazalan 7-9, Walk Over 7-7, White Flower 7-7, Majid Pasha 7-7 and Poppy Day 7-4.

ONE I LOVE GOES WELL: PHAKOS AND STEEL HELMET PERFORM SMARTLY

(From Our Track Correspondent)

The following gallops were noted at Mahaluxmi through the week.

ONE I LOVE (Eude) was always going too well for LOCH NESS (R. Boy) in a strong pace ten furlongs gallop on the race-track.

PHAKOS (Rook) outpaced FLYING ORDERS in a smartly run six furlongs on the tan. Former is in grand trim.

STEEL HELMET (Britt) started behind DARK WINGS (R. Boy) and SOLMINT (Burn) in a spin over ten furlongs and finished in the same position. He appeared to have something in hand.

POUND FOOLISH (Britt) was in front of GOLDEN LINK (R Boy) in a nice pace mile gallop

ROYAL ROMANCE (Johnstone) had a striding pace nine furlongs gallop and pleased.

MARATHA EMPEROR (Johnstone) went over ten furlongs at a good pace with. FIELD MARSHAL (R. Boy) over the last mile Former has improved.

DOMINIC (Whiteside) shaped attractively in a strong pace mile gallop on the tan.

ARCHMOON (Jones) and SPADASSIN (Maxwell) were concerned in a smart nine furlongs gallop on the tan. They finished nearly level in the excellent time of 1min. 58secs.

GAY TALKIE (Brace) had a good pace nine furlongs run with HIS LORDSHIP (White) for company over the last mile. Former is fit and well

COEUR DE LION (Burn) finished stoutly over a mile in the race-track.

CAVALIER (R. Boy) had a useful six furlongs spin.

TERROR (R. Boy) was sent a mile at a smart pace and gave satisfaction.

CANTICLE (Rook) and NEXUS (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs at a nice pace.

MONOCLE (Jones) and SIR ROBIN (Burn) were sharpened over the six. They are fit and well.

VANDYKE (Brace) strode out well over nine furlongs on the tan.

HOUDINI (Whiteside) covered a mile at a brisk pace.

USK (R. Boy) and TORCH ROYAL (R. Boy) had a working pace nine furlongs gallop. They are fast training on.

MULTY FARNHAM (Marrable) easily outpaced MISS LENA (R. Boy) in a rattling mile gallop. A smart display.

WARRIOR'S CALL (Gethin) stayed on better than BRELAN (H. Black) in a ten furlongs gallop.

CASH (Johnstone) was ahead of CASH BOOK at the end of a strong pace mile spin on the race-track. Former is greatly improved.

BUDAPEST (Marrable) covered nine furlongs at a smart pace.

LEANDER (Bond) was far superior to DANTE (R. Boy) in a brisk run over nine furlongs.

SMARA (Burn) was quite good when doing a mile gallop on the tan.

SPUN GLASS (Cook) proved too speedy for ROSE APPLE (R. Boy) over six furlongs.

ADVANCE (Jones) held QUITE TRUE in a sharply run six furlongs. Former is now coming to hand.

MAHBOOB (R. Boy) and WINSTON (Britt) covered six furlongs in smart timing. Fit horses

POM POM (Meekings) gave satisfaction in a six furlongs dash.

TOHOLLA (Burn) moved freely in a mile gallop on the race track.

The following have put up good gallops:—SAIF AL NUSSER. QUDUM AL KHAIR. KING'S WINE and SAIF AL MULUK.

Hockey

Y. M. C. A. Sets Task For Young Sports

Good Game Witnessed In Provincial Championship

Spectators who stayed away from the B. P. H. A. ground, feeling that the advertised victory of the Young Sports "A" would be a run-away affair, lost a good match. The Young Sports won but the Y. M. C. A. were full value for the close run they gave the winners. The closing tally was 3 goals against 2.

THE GAME

Young Sports meant business from the start and the Y.M.C.A. were almost put behind in the second minute, Tambe mishitting in the circle. Young Sports pressed for a while, after which they fell back. The Y.M.C.A. next registered a lost opportunity when Jenkins failed to reach a nice pass through hesitation. An infringement in the Y.M.C.A. circle by an opposing forward relieved pressure at the other end. Another nice movement by the Young Sports was held up by their own outside-right, D'Mello, running off side. The Y.M.C.A. went up only to come back and D'Penna was unlucky to see his short just go wide.

YOUNG SPORTS SCORE

In the next minute the Young Sports were rewarded. Wilson was responsible for bad attacking and Tambe got the better of him easily. With Lynn at his mercy he correctly got the ball past the custodian From the centre-bully the Y.M.C.A. raided but returned without the equaliser. The closing minutes before half time saw the exchanges shared.

Some good short passing between Tambe, Marzello and D'Penna carried the Young Sports dangerously near the opposite goal, O'Connor rushed back, robbed D'Penna of the ball and cleared. The Young Sports returned, here, Gidney checked their advance. The winners forced a short corner, Lynn saved a hot shot. The rebound should have been met by Tambe. He was late, and a nice opening went abegging.

A SECOND GOAL

A corner was the outcome of the melee. G. Fernandes was put in possession by Tambe who received the corner hit. Fernandes beat Wilson and then bettered Lynn with a rising shot that went of the goal-keeper's thigh. Lynn was soon called upon to save again, he was not found wanting. At the Young Sports end M. Andrad saved shakily and a defender who rushed in to save a dangerous situation did so at the cost of a short corner. This award made no change in the scores, but the Young Sports gave their opponents a corner. A nice hit in got to Paul who flashed in a very smart shot. (2—1). Lynn after bringing off a brilliant save, gave D'Penna best, who beat him with a delightful shot that had the goalie guessing (3—1). The Y.M.C.A. were aggressive now but lacked finish. Their perseverance was rewarded before the close and the score was reduced to (3—2). Time came with no change in the positions. TEAMS:—

YOUNG SPORTS "A": M. Andrad, F. D'Souza and R. Andrad; A. D'Souza G. M. Khan and M. Cohen; D'Mello, Tambe, Marzello, D'Penna and G. Fernandes.

Y. M. C. A.:—Lynn, Wilson and Gidney; O'Connor, Poole and Grastate; Biswas, Jenkins, Paul, Todd and Middlecoat.

To-day's Game

B. P. H. A. Ground—5-15 p.m. Customs vs. Bombay Port Trust Sports Club.

INTER-PROVINCIAL HOCKEY

All Centres To Make Bid For 1940 Title

The slight doubt that existed as to Bengal's participation in the Inter-Provincial Hockey Championship has been removed. Bengal is a definite entry and will send a strong side. Pre-trial practice has begun and a series of trial matches have been arranged.

Bombay are not lagging behind and selection committees have been formed both in Bombay and Poona. The Bombay Selection Board are: Messrs. R. C. Summerhayes, Behram Doctor, C. E. Rodriques and J. Pinto. This board have the power to co-opt further members if they so wish.

The selectors at Poona will nominate a number of players. The Bombay body, who are daily watching play in the Provincial Championship, will also make a selection. These players will turn out in two trial matches. The Bombay representative side will then play the Rest. These tests are billed for February 22, 23, and 24.

Our Punjab Correspondent tells us that a strong team will come from the North and they are sanguine about being the new champions. The Punjab Hockey Association are also busy over the business of selecting the best talent to represent their Province.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1940

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'GREATEST STABILISING FORCE IN ASIA'

Mr. Munshi On Role Of Free India In Super-Federation Of Democratic Nations

In seeking Independence India does not seek the will-o'-the-wisp of unfettered sovereignty which is at the root of the present light of Europe.

"Her independence implies, first her right to secure interdependence with Britain on terms which are mutually beneficial; secondly the unrestricted right to refuse any terms prejudicial to its interests."

Thus declared Mr. K. M. Munshi, in the course of the first of a series of three lectures on "ways to the new world" organised by the Students' Brotherhood and the Muslim Students' Union, at the Blavatsky Lodge, on Thursday evening.

THE NATION STATE

After tracing in detail the evolution of the idea of the Nation State as an amoral, irresponsible octopus, completely free to achieve its own ends Mr. Munshi said:—

"The idea of unfettered sovereignty of a state is not founded on fact. In reality no state is independent, as no man is free to od what he likes. Internally every state is subject to the just claims of minorities and the demands of political parties. In external affairs it has to submit to a shifting system of interdependence created by self-interest and nourished on secret diplomacy."

Continuing Mr. Munshi pointed out that Imperialism was but a child of the Nation State. These Nation States flourished because they were like a few tigers with many lambs like India to swallow. When there were no more lambs to swallow, the tigers would try to swallow each other. The only way to end this situation was to replace the imperialistic ambitions of great powers by interdependence among nations freely accepted.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

The Independence of India would, therefore, imply the liberty to establish relations with Britain on the basis of a law accepted by both parties. This involved the recognition by Britain of the international personality of India. The agreement with Britain could only be arrived at by an organ of the State representing its people. Such an organ could be a Constituent Assembly or other similar body which would not either directly or indirectly be the mouthpiece of Britain.

In conclusion Mr. Munshi said: "As the world goes at present, national sovereignties are being voluntarily surrendered to create a world group of nations with a view to eliminate international violence and counter external force. A free India allied to other countries in a super-federation of democratic nations with a common policy of defence and foreign affairs will be the greatest stabilising force in Asia. It will also break the chasm that exists between the civilisations of Europe and India and lead in the end to the elimination of organised violence in international affairs.

The High Priest of the Bohras talking with H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur and H. H. the Nawab of Palanpur at the tea party in his honour given by his community on Wednesday evening at Brabourne Stadium.

REGULATION OF JUTE CROP

Bengal Govt. Seeks Co-operation Of Other Provinces

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

The decision of the Government of Bengal to regulate the production of the current year's jute crop by legislation, in order that the crop sown may not exceed that of 1939, is announced in a Communique issued to-day.

For the purpose of the regulation of jute crops of 1941 and subsequent years, it is proposed to set up a Committee of Experts to advise the Government on the methods to be adopted and the means by which the effective co-operation of all interests and all jute-growing Provinces may best be secured.

The Government of Bengal, the Communique adds, are approaching the neighbouring Governments of Assam and Bihar with a request to assist them to the fullest possible extent in implementing this policy and have every reason to believe that they will receive their co-operation in the interests of the jute-growers of all Provinces.—A. P.

RAID ON CONGRESS OFFICE

Local President & Secretary Arrested

CALCUTTA. (By Mail)

The local police accompanied by I.B. Officers searched the Office of the Bhojeswar Congress Committee and three other houses in village Shirangal in Faridpore and arrested Mr. Rohini Bhattacharjee, President, and Mr. Makhan Kar Secretary of the Congress Committee.

A posse of constables has been posted in front of the Congress Office.—United Press.

Arvi Municipal Committee Dissolved

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

The C. P. Government has ordered the dissolution of the Arvi Municipal Committee, Wardha District, on account of the neglect of the Administration.—United Press.

SHOCKING TRIPLE TRAGEDY

Poverty Forces Labourer To Commit Suicide After Killing Son And Daughter

NAGPUR, February 1.

The Sonagpur correspondent of a Jubbulpore daily reports that the population of the Tehsil is suffering from great hardship on account of failure of crop, rise in prices of commodities and absence of employment.

It is stated further that recently a poor labourer of Kharha village killed his six-year-old son and three-year old daughter and subsequently committed suicide as he could not bear the pangs of starvation.—United Press.

One-Day Strike In Nagpur Mill

NAGPUR, February 1.

About 7,000 workmen of the Empress Mills resorted to one-day stay-in-strike this morning as a protest against the alleged failure of the management to grant an increase in their wage in view of war prices of all commodities.

The Model Mill was not, however, affected.

The workers will take a procession to the Secretariat this afternoon to place their demand before the Government.—United Press.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31

The Conference of the all-Indian Commercial Bodies in Calcutta will be held to-morrow morning to discuss the Excess Profits Tax Bill.—United Press.

STANDARDISATION OF WAGES

Bombay Textile Labour Enquiry Committee Formulates Scheme

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A scheme of standardisation of wages for cotton mills in the city of Bombay has been formulated by the Bombay Textile Labour Enquiry Committee and submitted to Government.

According to its terms of reference, the Enquiry Committee was asked by the Government of Bombay to deal with the question of standardisation of wages and musters in different textile centres in the province.

STANDARDISATION OF WAGES

While the Committee was considering questions connected with this scheme, the Millowners' Association of Bombay made an official representation to it in November 1939, that a scheme of standardisation of wages might be prepared. The matter was referred to Government which directed the Committee to proceed immediately with the formulation of such a scheme. Accordingly the Committee formulated a scheme and submitted it to Government on the 23rd of December, 1939.

This scheme, however, takes no account of the situation created as a result of the war. It relates to a normal period.

Madras Contribution To Turkish Relief Fund

MADRAS, Jan. 31.

The Government of Madras have approved of the decision of the Madras Corporation Council to contribute Rs. 2,000 towards the Turkey Earthquake Relief Fund.—United Press.

"COMMUNIST" SEIZED

Police Raids In Ahmedabad: Man From Ratlam State Arrested

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 1.

The Ahmedabad C.I.D. Police raided last night the office of the Mill Kamdar Union and seized copies of "The Communist." A raid was made in Gomtipur and arrested one Vasant Bangali, alleged to be a revolutionary of Ratlam State and seized proscribed "Inquilab" songs from his place. The Ratlam State police also co-operated. The arrest is stated to be on a charge of "political conspiracy."

ARRESTS IN MAIHAR STATE

Charge Of Conspiracy To Assassinate Ruler

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 31.

Fifteen Congress workers of the Maihar State, in Central India Bundelkhand States' Agency, according to a Satna message, have been arrested, prosecuted and committed to the Sessions under Sections 320 (B) and 124 (A) I.P.C., on the charge of conspiring to assassinate the ruler of the State.

The accused have been refused bail and also the facility to engage a qualified counsel from outside the State in the absence of any qualified legal practitioner in the State.

It is stated that two of the accused persons have turned approvers.

A Cheap Grain Shop has been opened at Bagalkot, in Bijapur, District, through the efforts of the Mamlatdar.

BENGAL BAN ON "JUAREZ"

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.

"Juarez", a film produced by Warner Brothers of America, has been declared to be uncertified in the province of Bengal, according to a notification in the Calcutta Gazette today.

The picture is based on the struggle of Don Benito Juarez, Mexican leader, to free his country from European bondage. The part of Don Benito is played by Paul Muni. The picture had a very successful run in Bombay.—A. P.

HUNGER-STRIKE OF POLITICALS

Punjab Assembly Rejects Adjournment Motion

LAHORE, Feb. 1.

After a full-fledged debate, the adjournment motion of Dr. Satyapal (Congress) relating to the hunger-strike by political prisoners, confined in the Ferozepur District Jail, was rejected by the Punjab Legislative Assembly by 42 votes to 28.—A. P.

WHY SUBHAS FOLLOWED GANDHI IN 1921

CALCUTTA, Jan. 31.

Addressing a mass meeting here Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose said:—"The Rightists had captured the Congress and they were adopting unfair tactics to oust the Leftist elements from the Congress. But I want to tell the Rightists that they will have to go out of the Congress and that day is coming.

"In 1921 Gandhiji was a symbol of revolution. And we followed his lead blindly. He has led other movements after that and the country has followed him. If to-day we feel that he cannot lead the country any more along the path of struggle, it will not be our fault if we cannot follow his leadership because the country is greater to us than any person.

"We shall have our respect and love for Gandhiji for what he did in the past, but we cannot follow him now. We shall be quite ready to follow him, if he would be prepared to lead us along the path of struggle."

SUBHAS LEAVES ON BIHAR TOUR

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose left last night on his Bihar tour. Mr. Bose opens the Monghyr District Kisan Conference and the Monghyr District Students' Conference on February 3 next and returns to Calcutta on February 11.—United Press.

Model Villages In Assam

SHILLONG, Feb. 1.

The model village scheme formulated by the Saadullah Ministry was put into operation last week. Mr. Munawar Ali, the Minister for Agriculture, performed the opening of five model village centres in different localities of the province during his tour in the interior villages.—United Press.

ZEMINDARIS TO BE TAKEN OVER

Orissa Government's New Draft Bill

CUTTACK, Feb. 1.

The Provincial Government are preparing a draft Bill to provide for the purchase of Zemindari estates in the Province by Government on a voluntary basis. It will be recalled that the Orissa Legislative Assembly in its September Session passed a resolution without opposition, recommending to Government to introduce legislation for enabling the latter to purchase the estates as far as possible, and that the prices of such estates be fixed after a judicial enquiry by a competent authority.

Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, former Revenue Minister, moving the resolution, stated that it was a move in the direction of liquidating the intermediaries between the Government and the tenants.

An official Note issued to the Press to-day states that the Government are drafting a Bill in pursuance of the resolution. The new Bill will come up for consideration by the Legislature in due course.—United Press.

RESIGNATION UNDER COERCION?

Sind Premier Refuses To Take Action On Parliamentary Secretary's Letter

KARACHI, Jan. 31.

During the question hour in the Sind Assembly, the Premier informed the House that Pir Zada Abdul Sattar, Parliamentary Secretary, had placed his resignation before him in October.

Subsequently, another letter of his resignation was received by him through Khan Bahadur M. A. Khurro, Leader of the Muslim League, purporting that he had to tender his resignation as the Manzilgah was not being handed over to Muslims.

The Premier said that as he had reason to believe that the resignation had been sent to him under coercion by the League, he declined to accept the same and Pir Zada continued to remain as Secretary.—United Press.

PROSPECTS OF MOVE TO SIMLA

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

It is believed that the Government's decision regarding the date of this year's Simla move will be announced very shortly. Special interest attaches to this year's move as war conditions, it is thought, may have made it necessary to readjust the arrangements for a curtailed move announced last May. A rough estimate of the effect of those arrangements that about fifty officers, 1,200 clerks and 50 inferior servants hitherto moving up to Simla would have to remain in Delhi and the duration of the stay in Simla was reduced from six to about four months.

The Army Headquarters, to whom the arrangements do not apply, are likely to begin their move between April 10 and 15.—A. P

KHER AND MUSLIMS

PALGHAR, January 29.

"Whatever Mr. Jinnah, Sir A. M. Dehlavi or other leaders of the Muslim League may say, I swear by all things I hold holy that there was not the slightest intention in my career of my 27 months as Prime Minister of doing anything harmful to the interests—political, social, or cultural—of my Muslim brothers," said Mr. B. G Kher, addressing this afternoon a crowded meeting of the residents of Satpati and other villages.

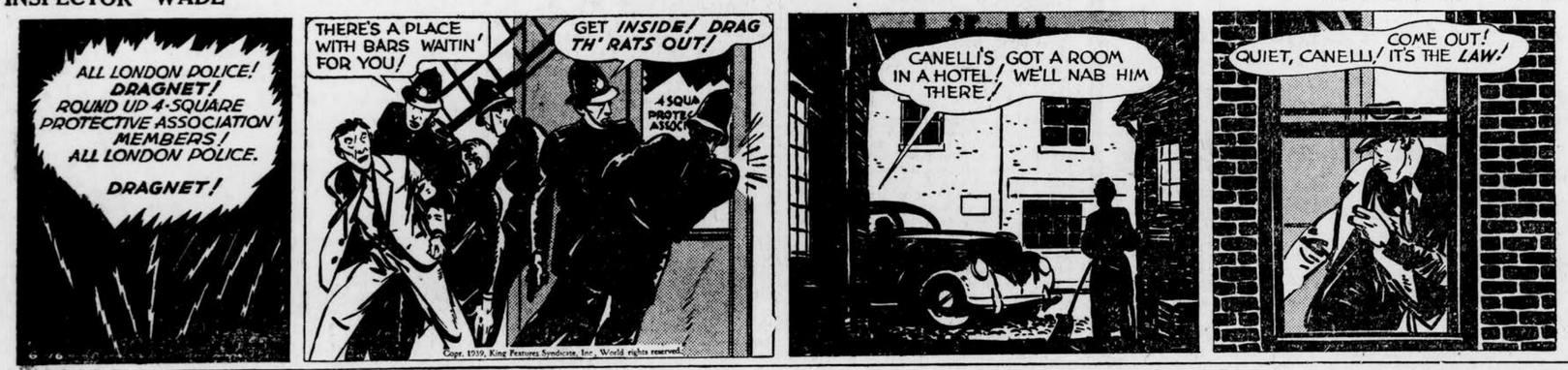
He added:

"On the contrary, I have tried my best to do them justice and see that all their legitimate demands were satisfied."

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE JUG OF DEATH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THERE'S A PLACE WITH BARS WAITIN' FOR YOU!
GET INSIDE! DRAG TH' RATS OUT!
CANELLI'S GOT A ROOM IN A HOTEL! WE'LL NAB HIM THERE!
COME OUT! QUIET, CANELLI! IT'S THE LAW!
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